

E-mail: comsec@teignbridge.gov.uk

7 December 2020

AUDIT SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

A meeting of the **Audit Scrutiny Committee** will be held on **Thursday, 17th December, 2020** at **10.00 am.** This will be a virtual meeting and you can observe the meeting <u>via our Youtube Page.</u>

PHIL SHEARS Managing Director

Membership:

Councillors Clarance, Colclough, H Cox, Goodman-Bradbury, Morgan (Chair), Mullone, Rollason (Vice-Chair) and Thorne

Please Note: The meeting will be live streamed with the exception where there are confidential or exempt items, which may need to be considered in the absence of the media and public.

AGENDA

1. Apologies for Absence

2. **Minutes** (Pages 3 - 6)

To approve and sign the minutes of the meeting held on 21 October 2020.

- 3. Declarations of Interest
- 4. Public Questions (If any)

Members of the Public may ask questions of the Chair subject to procedural rules.

The deadline for questions is no later than 12 noon two working days before the meeting.

5. Members Questions (if any)

Members of the Council may ask questions of the Chair subject to procedural rules.

The deadline for questions is no later than three clear working days before the meeting.

- 6. Review of Contract Procedure Rules (Pages 7 10)
- 7. Strategic & Corporate Risk Report (Pages 11 22)
- 8. Internal Audit Report (Pages 23 26)
- 9. Financial Instructions and Contract Procedure Rules Waiver (Pages 27 86) Report

If you would like this information in another format, please telephone 01626 361101 or e-mail info@teignbridge.gov.uk

AUDIT SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

21 OCTOBER 2020

Present:

Councillors Morgan, Rollason, H Cox, Colclough, Mullone, Thorne, Goodman-Bradbury and Clarance

Councillors in Attendance

Councillor Keeling, Executive Member for Corporate Resources

Officers in Attendance:

Martin Flitcroft, Chief Finance Officer & Head of Corporate Services Sue Heath, Audit Manager Christopher Morgan, Trainee Democratic Services Officer Sarah Selway, Democratic Services Team Leader & Deputy Monitoring Officer Julie Masci, External Auditor

46. ELECTION OF CHAIR

It was proposed by Councillor Clarance and seconded by Councillor Rollason that Councillor Morgan is elected Chair.

A roll call was taken.

For

Councillors Morgan, Rollason, H Cox, Colclough, Mullone, Goodman-Bradbury, Clarance, and Thorne.

Against

None

Resolved that Councillor Morgan be elected Chair.

47. ELECTION OF DEPUTY CHAIR

It was proposed by Councillor Morgan and seconded by Councillor Clarance that Councillor Rollason is elected Vice-Chair.

A roll call was taken.

For

Councillors Morgan, Rollason, H Cox, Colclough, Mullone, Goodman-Bradbury, Clarance, and Thorne.

<u>Against</u>

None

Resolved that Councillor Rollason be elected Vice-Chair.

48. MINUTES OF THE PREVIOUS MEETING

The minutes of the meeting held on 18 August were agreed as a correct record.

49. EXTERNAL AUDIT FINDINGS REPORT

The External Auditor presented the Audit Findings Report finding. They informed the Committee of the audit issues caused by the ongoing pandemic, but that the work would be finalised by the next Full Council meeting. A site visit to Teignbridge was necessary for the Audit however due to the lockdown restrictions Grant Thornton have been unable to travel. The audit to date has been completed successfully.

In response to questions from members, the External Auditor advised that a suggested misstatement in 2018/19 had not significantly affected the spending for that year. They also advised that the impact of Brexit is uncertain and the Chief Finance Officer advised that it was not anticipated that the supply chain would not be significantly interrupted for Teignbridge. The External Auditor also advised that the use of paper records was still prevalent at Teignbridge however further electronic working papers and scanned manual documents had helped remote working and advances in technology would help with auditing these records. The External Auditor also covered funding for Teignbridge District Council, and informed the committee on potential changes to sources of funding and resourcing in the future.

Resolved

That the Committee note the report.

50. FINAL ACCOUNTS REPORT

The Chief Finance Officer (CFO) presented the report.

The CFO informed the committee that there had been no changes to the draft accounts being audited by Grant Thornton, although there had been a small edit made to some of the wording. The final accounts and covering report would be brought to the next Full Council meeting in November.

Recommended for approval to Full Council.

51. INTERNAL AUDIT REPORT

The Audit Manager presented the report to the Committee. The report was in three parts: the Audit Plan, the Audit Charter, and the Redmond Review. The Audit Manager informed the Committee that the Redmond Review had recommended the appointment of an independent person to the Audit Committee.

The Executive Member for Corporate Resources thanked the internal and external Audit teams for their work.

In response to questions from members, the Audit Manager confirmed that Audit was sufficiently independent and any limitations would be outlined in the Annual Report as required under the Audit Standards

Resolved

That the Internal Audit Report be approved.

52. OMBUDSMAN REPORT

The report was introduced by the Audit Manager. It was noted no complaints were upheld at Teignbridge. This was lower than the average for similar authorities.

Resolved

That the Committee note the report.

Following this item, it was agreed that an item would be added to a future Audit Scrutiny Committee agenda regarding the value for money offered by Strata.

The meeting commenced at 10:00am and finished at 11:15am.

Chair Cllr Sally Morgan This page is intentionally left blank

TEIGNBRIDGE DISTRICT COUNCIL

AUDIT SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

26TH AUGUST 2020

Report Title	Review of The Contract Procedure Rules	
Purpose of Report	To consider the 2020 review of the Contract Procedure Rules and recommend it to full Council for approval.	
Recommendation(s)	The Committee RECOMMENDS to Council that the revision of the Contract Procedure Rules replaces the 2015 Contract Procedure Rules.	
Financial Implications	The financial implications may result in additional tender costs if smaller local supplier's tenders are higher. The impact will ultimately be defined by relative weightings for price/quality etc. in choosing the appropriate supplier	
Legal Implications	To follow	
Risk Assessment	Not applicable.	
Environmental Implications	There are no significant environmental or climate change related impacts associated with the updated Contract Procedure Rules. Appendix A of the report contains the "Sustainable Procurement Policy and Procedure", which assists officers in identifying and considering opportunities to mitigate the impacts of procurement on the environment.	
Report Author	Rosanna Wilson Rosanna.wilson@teignbridge.gov.uk 01626 215 120	
Portfolio Holder	Cllr Richard Keeling	

1. Background

1.1 The Contract Procedure Rules were previously updated in 2015. A review of these Contract Procedure Rules has been conducted by The Corporate Procurement Officer. 1.2 The Contract Procedure Rules document is being presented to the committee using "tracked changes" to better demonstrate to the committee the changes that have been made.

2. Review of the Contract Procedure Rules

- 2.1 The main changes are set out below.
- 2.2 For purchases under £10,000 to consider local suppliers in the first instance and for purchases using the RFQ procedure, consider using competition between local suppliers where possible.
- 2.3 A further option of "continuity and compatibility" added to the waiver.
- 2.4 A change to the thresholds. We have now segregated the threshold levels into goods/services and works. Table 1 shows the old thresholds and Table 2 shows the recommended new thresholds.

Table 1: Old 2015 Thresholds

Total Value (excl. VAT)	Award Procedure
Up to £7,500	A minimum of one <i>Quotation</i> , but good practice to seek most favourable prices and terms, having regard to the Council's Procurement Strategy.
£7,501 - £50,000	A minimum of three written Quotations.
£50,001 – EU Threshold	Invitation to Tender by advertisement.

Table 2: New Proposed Thresholds

Goods and Services

Total Value (excl. VAT)	Award Procedure
Up to £10,000	A minimum of one written <i>Quotation</i> e.g. via email, but good practice to seek most favourable prices and terms, having regard to the Council's Procurement Strategy.

£10,001 - £50,000	A minimum of three written <i>Quotations</i> via the Procurement Portal
£50,001 –	Invitation to Tender by advertisement.
EU Threshold	

Works

Total Value (excl. VAT)	Award Procedure
Up to £15,000	A minimum of one written <i>Quotation</i> e.g. via email, but good practice to seek most favourable prices and terms, having regard to the Council's Procurement Strategy.
£15,001 - £100,000	A minimum of three written <i>Quotations</i> via the Procurement Portal
£100,001 – EU Threshold	Invitation to Tender by advertisement.

- 2.5 The general layout of the Contract Procedure Rules has changed to help officers better understand the document
- 2.6 Appendices have been added to the end of the document to help officers find documents and provide them with a helpful flowchart of the procurement process.
- 2.7. References to The EU have been removed in preparation for the new national Find a Tender Service being released on 1st January 2021.

2. Conclusion

3.1 The Contract Procedure Rules are attached as Appendix I. Members are asked to recommend the revision of the Contract Procedure Rules to Council for approval.



TEIGNBRIDGE DISTRICT COUNCIL

Audit Scrutiny Committee

17 DECEMBER 2020

PART I

Report Title	Strategic and Corporate Risk Report	
Purpose of Report	To provide Members with an overview of the current status	
	of the Strategic & Corporate risks.	
Recommendation(s)	The Committee RESOLVES to:	
	Note this report and the actions being taken to reduce	
	risks to the achievement of the council's objectives.	
Financial Implications	The financial implications are contained within risk ST02	
	Failure to control and manage finance and other risks	
	including ST14 Fraud & corruption and ST24 Breach of	
	finance and contract rules.	
	Principal Technical Accountant & Deputy Chief Finance	
	Officer	
Legal Implications	Email: Claire.Moors@teignbridge.gov.uk	
Legal Implications	No direct implications beyond effective risk management is key to meeting Council's legal duties.	
	Monitoring Officer	
	Email: Karen.Trickey@teignbridge.gov.uk	
Risk Assessment	Effective risk management will aid decision making, focus	
	and make better use of resources, provide a duty of care,	
	comply with legislation, reduce costs, provide a continuity	
	of service and reduce the risk of not meeting the council's	
	objectives.	
	Head of Community Services and Improvement	
	Email: Amanda.Pujol@teignbridge.gov.uk	
Environmental/ Climate	Environmental and climate change implications have been	
Change Implications	identified alongside mitigating actions within the Report;	
	the most relevant risks include:	
	ST31 – the impact of not reducing our energy use and	
	contribution to CO ₂ . ST42 – Failure to deliver the council	
	strategy. ST44 – Flood risk resilience. ST 45 – Flood risk	
	management. Climate Change Officer	
	Email: william.elliott@teignbridge.gov.uk	
Report Author	Project Manager	
-	Liz.Gingell@teignbridge.gov.uk	
Portfolio Holder	Corporate Resources – Cllr Alan Connett	
Appendices /	Appendix A – Risk report	
Background Papers		

1. PURPOSE

To provide Members with an overview of the current status of the Council's corporate and strategic risks.

2. BACKGROUND

There are 3 types of risk to manage and these are:

Strategic Risks – these are the big issues that impact heavily on our service delivery or are fundamental changes in the district or something that may cause a lot of bad publicity. These risks are managed by Business Leads and Business or Service Managers.

Corporate Risks – also called 'common risks' because they apply to many sections of the Council and we have corporate processes in place to deal with them e.g. Attacks on staff. These risks are also managed by Business or Service Managers.

Service Risks - These are risks and opportunities that apply primarily to a service and that generally won't have too many consequences on the rest of the Council. These are managed by Business or Service Managers and Team Leaders.

In addition, reports to decision makers (both Members and the Strategic Leadership Team) for major projects or service changes, should include an analysis of risks so these are considered when important decisions are made. These risks may be referred for inclusion in the Corporate or Strategic Risk Registers if they are likely to be significant issues

3. RISK OVERVIEW

Since the last report in August an audit of risk management arrangements has just been completed which gave the system a Good assurance rating. The finalised report will be available to Audit Scrutiny Members soon.

Covid 19 continues to create significant uncertainties for all as we work through the potential impacts. The Council had already moved from being 'risk averse' to 'risk aware' pre Covid and the platform of being 'risk aware' will continue having been heightened by the complexities of Covid 19.

Our operations may be impacted by local lockdowns, economic changes, unemployment and business closures but we will help to manage and support this with the resources we have available and any ongoing/additional support from Government as part of our response and recovery plans.

A new risk ST47 Impact of Covid-19 on service delivery & resourcing has been added to the strategic risk register.

Risks have been reviewed by Officers who have taken into consideration the impact of Covid-19 on their areas of risk management. This is reflected in the

mitigated risk score and status of the mitigations. Where appropriate risk mitigations have been updated and additional work undertaken or ongoing has been noted.

Risk ST43 was Failure to adopt Local Plans: Greater Exeter Strategic Plan and Teignbridge Local Plan Review this has been changed to Failure to adopt Teignbridge Local Plan. This is due to the Local Plan progressing as the sole statutory development plan for the district following issues with the Greater Exeter Strategic Plan (GESP) project. A report will be taken to the 1 Dec Executive with a revised timetable for Local Plan preparation, incorporating all strategic aspects previously included within the GESP.

There are 26 risks in the Strategic Risk register which are the risks we consider could impact heavily on our ability to deliver essential services and meet important objectives. In addition there are 12 corporate risks, 'common risks', that apply to many sections of the council and we have corporate processes in place to deal with them.

Of these 38 risks 2 have a very high unmitigated risk score 9 (3x3) i.e. the risk if we took no action to reduce the risk. The risk Responsible Officers have actions (mitigations) in place to reduce the risk scores.

The risk matrix below shows how many risks have very high (9), high (6), medium (3-4) or low (1-2) mitigated risk score, which takes into account the effectiveness of actions (mitigations) to reduce the risk.

- 2 risks have a high impact and high likelihood score of 9 (3x3)
- 8 risks have a high impact and medium likelihood score of 6 (3x2)

		Corporate &	Corporate & Strategic Risk Matrix		
Risk	1 - High	No Risks	1 Risk <u>ST41,</u>	2 Risks <u>ST02, ST08,</u>	
Likelihood	2 - Medium	1 Risk <u>CP07</u> ,	12 Risks ST14, CP01, CP11, CP12, CP08, ST21, ST19, ST09, ST06, ST40, CP14, ST46,	7 Risks <u>CP09, ST29, ST11,</u> <u>ST20, ST42, ST45,</u> <u>ST47,</u>	
	1 - Low	1 Risk <u>CP05,</u>	7 Risks <u>ST26, ST25, ST24,</u> <u>ST31, ST28, ST32,</u> <u>ST43,</u>	7 Risks <u>CP13</u> , <u>ST17</u> , <u>CP16</u> , <u>ST37</u> , <u>CP03</u> , <u>ST44</u> , <u>CP15</u> ,	
	1 - Low 2 - Medium 3 - High				
	Risk - Impact				

4. Risk reviews

These are carried out by the risk Responsible Officer monthly for very high (9) risks, quarterly for high (6) twice a year for medium risk (3-4) risks and once a year for low (2) risks. This includes a review of each risk, its mitigations and risk impact and likelihood scores.

In addition to the regular reviews, meetings with the Risk Responsible officer and those managing the risk are held to review the scope of the risk, causes and impact, and mitigations in more depth.

5. RISK REPORTS

A report listing the Corporate & Strategic risks is provided as Appendix A

Details of those risks with 'Action Needed' mitigations status' and a very high mitigated status of 9, are provided below.

ST02 Failure to control and manage finance

Risk mitigated status: 9 - very high

Mitigations:

All mitigations are in place and have been assessed as 'Action ongoing'.

Review Note:

COVID19 pandemic has put severe strain on economy and local authority income streams. Monitoring lost income and clarification of funding from Government is crucial during this financial year plus monthly monitoring of all budgets and savings exercise in progress to mitigate.

Government funding is being provided to support income from fees and changes and sales but not property rents, council tax or business rate.

Government guidance has been amended to allow more facilities to open which has slightly reduced the financial impact on services. Financial assistance from Government will still be required together with ongoing reviews of the authority's expenditure, income, savings and reserves

ST08 Economic uncertainty

Risk mitigated status: 9 - very high

Mitigations:

All mitigations are in place and have been assessed as 'Action ongoing'.

ST08 Review Note:

Financial Management - Current pandemic has detrimental impact on economy so additional monitoring and reporting of all income and expenditure, council tax and business rate collection, level of reserves and possible/available government financial support both for the council and local businesses/residents. Regular updates by S151 Officer to management team, members and

government.

We have identified savings and have worked through the detail of the announcement by government to cover 75% of fees and charges and sales income. We used this to realign the budget for 20/21 in September and agreed at Full Council and in advance of next year's budget round which is being considered in December 20/January 21 in conjunction with the provisional settlement and any other additional Government funding which may be provided.

ST20 Poorly managed Election

Risk mitigated status: 6 - high

Mitigation Status	Mitigation	Info
Action needed	Risk management workshop	A Risk Management workshop is held as part of the preparation for major elections

ST20 Review note:

We are still awaiting guidance from government on how to run elections during the Covid pandemic. This is now expected in November. If the current situation persists then running elections next May will present us with many significant challenges, some of which it will be very difficult to fully mitigate for. As soon as guidance for elections in 2021 is received a risk management workshop will be arranged.

ST21 Failure to ensure data quality

Risk mitigated status: 4 - medium

Mitigation Status	Mitigation	Info
Action needed	Data Quality Policy	Data Quality Policy in place a reviewed on a regular basis
Action needed	Raising staff awareness of data quality	Raising staff awareness of data quality through internal communications, including the Customer Access and Business Improvement Group, and MetaCompliance messaging as appropriate

ST21 Review Note:

The performance and data analyst post is out to advert for the second time due to lack of suitable applicants

The Data Quality policy needs to be reviewed.

Meta compliance has been renewed but need to develop a schedule of what policies to put on it.

Project management toolkit in place for staff and large corporate projects managed through the Business Transformation Team.

ST37 Failure of ICT infrastructure and systems not meeting business needs or not being fit for purpose

Risk mitigated status: 3 - medium

Mitigation Status	Mitigation	Info
Action needed	Strata Business plan approved annually	The Strata Business Plan sets out the intended projects and identifies funding

ST37 Review Note:

Draft business plan 21/22 is being discussed with LAs currently and draft to be circulated week beginning 22 November.

Work is ongoing to look at VFM and benchmarking.

ST46 Failure of ICT security measures leading to a cyber attack

Risk mitigated status: 4- medium

Mitigation Status	Mitigation	Info
Action needed	Mobile device/agile working policy	Mobile device/agile working policy that includes guidance on working outside of our managed offices areas and the use of own devices/pc's/laptops

ST46 Review Note:

The Dojo Cyber Security training has now been rolled out and staff are in the process of completing modules. A system has been set up to capture new starters. The status of this action has therefore been set to "ongoing" as we will now be monitoring completion and dealing with new staff as business as usual.

Cyber essentials is postponed until March as compliance is reliant on the Windows 10 upgrade which will not be completed until then.

The PSN IT Health Check took place in September with an overall good result and Strata are working through the remediation points in preparation for certification in December.

6. Major projects/service changes

The current major council projects are listed in the table overleaf, which provides assurance that project risks have been assessed and registers or strategic risks are in place and being managed.

The One Teignbridge Transformation Board meets monthly to review major systems and the digital platform projects. This includes a review of the project risk registers. The Capital Review Group meets every other month to review projects in the capital programme including key risks and issues.

T10	Title	Description	Responsible Officer(s)	Current Risk Register
GP	Energy Services Company	Formation of a public sector joint venture energy company to provide district heating networks	Fergus Pate	To be Developed
IIP	Newton Abbot Town Centre Development and Market Walk	Newton Abbot town centre masterplan focussing on the re- development of the Markets area, Bradley Lane and Cricketfield Road car park	Tom Butcher	Yes
IIP	Brunswick Street, Teignmouth re- development	Delivery plan in process, focusing on re-development of vacant Brunswick Street sites, George St & Northumberland Place	Tom Butcher	Yes
IIP	Sherbourne House	Delivery of NHS hub and 10 apartments	Tom Butcher	Yes
IIP	East Street and Drake Road	Development of two Council owned parcels of land to deliver 7 social rented homes. Approved by Full Council 19th November 2019. Updated risk register contained as part of Full Council Report which was acknowledged and approved.	Graham Davey, Pete Briscoe	Yes – being reviewed
OAA	Leisure Centre Refurbishment	New Project - Delivery phase of Leisure centre refurbishment for Broadmeadow and Dawlish to be developed	James Teed / Leigh Florence	Project on hold
VVC	Digital Platform	Digital platform to improve digital access to services and streamlining of processes. Mobile access for officers in the field	Amanda Pujol	Yes
VVC	Midland iTrent	HR/Payroll data management IT system	Martin Flitcroft, Tim Slater	Yes

7. ALTERNATIVE OPTIONS

None, risk management is a mandatory function of the Council.

8. CONCLUSION

Effective risk management will aid decision making, focus and make better use of resources, provide a duty of care, comply with legislation, reduce costs, provide a continuity of service and reduce the risk of not meeting the council's objectives.



APPENDIX A Corporate and Strategic Risks by status

Risks

Status	Code	Title	Risk Impact	Risk Likelihood	Executive Member	Risk Responsible Officer
Very High (9)	ST02	Failure to control and manage finance	3 - High	3 - High	Corporate Resources	Martin Flitcroft, Philip Shears
Very High (9)	ST08	Economic Uncertainty	3 - High	3 - High	Business, Economy and Tourism	Neil Blaney, Martin Flitcroft, Philip Shears
High (6)	CP09	Staff health and wellbeing (was Staff Absence/Stress/Morale)	3 - High	2 - Medium	Corporate Resources	Tim Slater
High (6)	ST29	Failure to maintain sufficient management capacity & capability	3 - High	2 - Medium	Strategic Direction	Neil Blaney, Martin Flitcroft, Lorraine Montgomery, Amanda Pujol, Philip Shears
High (6)	ST11	Failure to Comply with Health & Safety Legislation	3 - High	2 - Medium	Corporate Resources	Paul Nicholls, Philip Shears
High (6)	ST20	Poorly Managed Election	3 - High	2 - Medium	Corporate Resources	Philip Shears
High (6)	ST41	Local Plan - Planned Development Delayed or Not Happening	2 - Medium	3 - High	Planning	Fergus Pate, Philip Shears
High (6)	ST42	Failure to deliver the Council Strategy	3 - High	2 - Medium	Strategic Direction	Philip Shears
High (6)	ST45	Flood risk resilience	3 - High	2 - Medium	Waste Management and Environmental Health	Neil Blaney, David Eaton
High (6)	ST47	Impact of Covid-19 on service delivery & resourcing	3 - High	2 - Medium	Corporate Resources	Neil Blaney, Lorraine Montgomery, Amanda Pujol
Medium (4)	ST14	Fraud and Corruption	2 - Medium	2 - Medium	Corporate Resources	Sue Heath, Philip Shears
Medium (4)	CP01	Attacks on Staff	2 - Medium	2 - Medium	Corporate Resources	John-Paul Bove, Paul Nicholls
Medium (4)	CP11	Breach of Code of Conduct by Members	2 - Medium	2 - Medium	Corporate Resources	Karen Trickey, Paul Woodhead
Medium (4)	CP12	Breach of Code of Conduct by Staff	2 - Medium	2 - Medium	Corporate Resources	Tim Slater

APPENDIX A Corporate and Strategic Risks by status

Status	Code	Title	Risk Impact	Risk Likelihood	Executive Member	Risk Responsible Officer
Medium (4)	CP08	Future proofing the workforce (was Failure to Improve Staff Capability and Capacity)	2 - Medium	2 - Medium	Corporate Resources	Tim Slater
Medium (4)	ST21	Failure to ensure data quality	2 - Medium	2 - Medium	Corporate Resources	Amanda Pujol
Medium (4)	ST19	Poor or Ineffective Business Continuity Management	2 - Medium	2 - Medium	Corporate Resources	Neil Blaney, David Eaton
Medium (4)	ST09	Inadequately prepared to manage the impacts of a major emergency in the District	2 - Medium	2 - Medium	Waste Management and Environmental Health	Lorraine Montgomery, Philip Shears
Medium (4)	ST06	Statutory Requirements Not Met	2 - Medium	2 - Medium	Corporate Resources	Philip Shears, Karen Trickey, Paul Woodhead
Medium (4)	ST40	Local Plan - Infrastructure Delivery Delay	2 - Medium	2 - Medium	Planning	Fergus Pate, Philip Shears
Medium (4)	CP14	Non-compliance with the Data Protection Act and General Data Protection Regulations	2 - Medium	2 - Medium	Corporate Resources	Sue Heath
Medium (4)	ST46	Failure of ICT security measures leading to a cyber attack	2 - Medium	2 - Medium	Corporate Resources	Amanda Pujol
Medium (3)	CP13	Safeguarding	3 - High	1 - Low	Corporate Resources	Rebecca Hewitt
Medium (3)	ST17	Inability to Recruit and Retain Staff	3 - High	1 - Low	Corporate Resources	Philip Shears, Tim Slater
Medium (3)	CP16	Lack of Effective Risk Management	3 - High	1 - Low	Corporate Resources	Martin Flitcroft, Philip Shears
Medium (3)	ST37	Failure of ICT infrastructure and systems not meeting business needs or not being fit for purpose	3 - High	1 - Low	Corporate Resources	Amanda Pujol

APPENDIX A Corporate and Strategic Risks by status

Risks

Status	Code	Title	Risk Impact	Risk Likelihood	Executive Member	Risk Responsible Officer
Medium (3)	CP03	Partnership management	3 - High	1 - Low	Strategic Direction	Amanda Pujol
Medium (3)	ST44	Flood risk management	3 - High	1 - Low	Waste Management and Environmental Health	Neil Blaney, Richard Rainbow
Medium (3)	CP15	Project management	3 - High	1 - Low	Corporate Resources	Amanda Pujol
Low (2)	CP07	Failure to Collect or Loss of Income	1 - Low	2 - Medium	Corporate Resources	Sue Heath
Low (2)	ST26	Poor Public Relations Management	2 - Medium	1 - Low	Strategic Direction	Amanda Pujol, Louise Raymond
Low (2)	ST25	High Levels of Customer Dissatisfaction	2 - Medium	1 - Low	Corporate Resources	Tracey Hooper, Amanda Pujol
Low (2)	ST24	Finance - Breach of Financial Instructions & Contract Rules	2 - Medium	1 - Low	Corporate Resources	Neil Blaney, Martin Flitcroft, Lorraine Montgomery, Amanda Pujol, Philip Shears
Low (2)	ST31	Climate Change - the impact of not reducing our energy use and contribution to CO2 emissions	2 - Medium	1 - Low	Waste Management and Environmental Health	David Eaton, Lorraine Montgomery
Low (2)	ST28	Major damage to our physical premises and/or working environment	2 - Medium	1 - Low	Corporate Resources	David Eaton, Philip Shears
Low (2)	ST32	Non Compliance with Section 106 Agreements and CIL notices	2 - Medium	1 - Low	Planning	Neil Blaney, Philip Shears
Low (2)	ST43	Failure to adopt Teignbridge Local Plan	2 - Medium	1 - Low	Planning	Michelle Luscombe, Philip Shears
Low (1)	CP05	Contractor Poor Performance/Failure	1 - Low	1 - Low	Corporate Resources	Rosie Wilson

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TEIGNBRIDGE DISTRICT COUNCIL AUDIT SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

17TH DECEMBER 2020

PARTI

Report Title	Internal Audit Update
Purpose of Report	To update members on the internal work completed.
Recommendation(s)	The Committee RESOLVES to note the report.
Financial Implications	See section 3.1.
Legal Implications	See section 3.2.
Risk Assessment	See section 3.3.
Environmental/ Climate Change	See section 3.4.
Report Author	Sue Heath, Audit Manager Email: sue.heath@teignbridge.gov.uk
Executive Member	Councillor Keeling, Corporate Resources
Appendices / Background Papers	None.

1. INTRODUCTION / BACKGROUND

1.1 Internal audit provides an independent opinion on the Council's risk management, control environment, and governance. The requirement for internal audit is set out in the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015. A plan of audit work is submitted to Audit Committee members each financial year, setting out which areas will be audited with a view to providing the Council with a statutory internal audit opinion at the end of the year. This report shows progress against that plan.

2. Audit Plan 2020-2021

- 2.1 Since the last report to members in October, our focus on the Council's Covid grants has continued. These are audited in real time to help the service ensure the additional grant schemes the Council is required to manage, are well controlled and secure.
- 2.2 An overview of progress against planned work is as follows:

SYSTEM	STATUS	ASSURANCE
Governance Review and AGS	Complete	Good
Risk Management	Complete	Good
Small Business Grants	Complete	Good
Discretionary Business Grants	Complete	Good
Coronavirus Hardship Fund	Complete	Excellent
Self Isolation Grants	Complete	Good
Local Restrictions Grants (Closed)	Complete	Good
Local Restrictions Grants (Open)	In Progress	-
Additional Restrictions Grant	In Progress	-
Main Accounting	-	-
Creditors	-	-
Payroll	-	-
Council Tax	-	-
Housing Finance	-	-

2.3

Key to Assu	rance Opinio	ns:
Excellent	*	The areas reviewed were found to be well controlled,
		internal controls are in place and operating effectively.
		Risks against achieving objectives are well managed.
Good	***	Most of the areas reviewed were found to be adequately
		controlled. Generally risks are well managed but some
		areas for improvement have been identified.
Fair	*	Basic control framework in place, but most of the areas
		reviewed were not found to be adequately controlled.
		Generally risks are not well managed and require controls
		to be strengthened to achieve system objectives.
Poor	*	Controls are seriously lacking or ineffective in their
		operation. No assurance can be given that the system's
		objectives will be achieved.

2.3 The Audit team also undertake ad-hoc tasks and provide advice and guidance. We are currently making preparations for this year's National Fraud Initiative. This is a mandatory Cabinet Office exercise which matches electronic data sets across public sector bodies to detect fraud and error. The main data sets have been submitted with matches expected to be returned in the new year for investigation.

3. IMPLICATIONS, RISK MANAGEMENT & CLIMATE CHANGE IMPACT

- 3.1 **Financial –** none the internal audit service is currently within budget.
- 3.2 **Legal** the statutory requirement for internal audit is met.
- 3.3 **Risks** risks are taken into account when planning internal audit work.
- 3.4 Environmental/Climate Change Impact not applicable.

4. CONCLUSION / RECOMMENTIAON

That the report be noted.



TEIGNBRIDGE DISTRICT COUNCIL AUDIT SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

17TH DECEMBER 2020

PART I

Report Title	Financial Instructions and Contract Rules Waivers
Purpose of Report	To inform Members of the number of times the Financial Instructions and Contract Procedure Rules have been waived and the reasons for this.
Recommendation(s)	The Committee RESOLVES to note the report.
Financial Implications	None – see section 3.1.
Legal Implications	None – see section 3.2.
Risk Assessment	Not applicable – see section 3.3.
Environmental/ Climate Change Implications	None – see section 3.4.
Report Author	Sue Heath, Audit & Information Governance Manager Email: sue.heath@teignbridge.gov.uk
Executive Member	Councillor Keeling, Corporate Resources
Appendices / Background Papers	None.

1. INTRODUCTION / BACKGROUND

The Financial Instructions and Contract Procedure Rules provide the framework for managing the Council's financial affairs. They apply to every member and officer of the Council and anyone acting on its behalf.

Sometimes there are instances where the rules cannot be followed and requests are made to waive them. One of the following criteria must be met:

1	LIFE OR DEATH There is significant chance that the life or health of officers, members, or the public will be put at real risk.
2	INCREASED COST / LOSS OF INCOME The Council will incur significant avoidable costs or lose significant income.
3	LIMITED MARKETS The Council would be wasting its time tendering as supply of the product or service is demonstrably restricted to one or few businesses.
4	URGENT ACTION REQUIRED The Council would be criticised for failing to act promptly.

2. WAIVERS

The following waivers have been processed since the August 2020 monitoring report:

Proposing Officer	Proposal / Reason	Approval
Green Infrastructure Officer	Garden Communities Project Direct appointment of DCC transport contractor WSP to undertake active / sustainable travel audit and strategy for Newton Abbot. Ensures alignment with DCC through use of same provider. Value: £35,634 (funding provided by Homes England) Reason: Urgent Action Required.	Neil Blaney Head of Place and Commercial Services

Senior Estates Surveyor	External Legal Services Brunswick Development Direct appointment of WT Hills to serve Party Wall Notices for 14 properties affected by the Brunswick Street development.	Neil Blaney Head of Place and Commercial Services
	Value: £29,600 (worst case scenario) Reason: Urgent Action Required, and Limited Market due to supplier's previous work on this site.	
Senior Estates and Development Surveyor	Construction of Walls Direct appointment of Cirrus Construction to subdivide Sherborne House building to enable NHS occupation. Value: £35,000 Reason: Urgent Action Required.	Neil Blaney Head of Place and Commercial Services
Green Infrastructure Officer	External Legal Services SANGS Direct appointment of Foot Anstey for land and maintenance agreements. Value: under £50,000 all various elements. Reason: Urgent Action Required and Limited Market due to supplier's previous work on this project.	Neil Blaney Head of Place and Commercial Services
Economy Projects Officer	Gap Grant Scheme Administration Direct appointment of Diverse Regeneration Company to assess grant applications. Value: minimum £ 2,440 maximum £16,815 dependant on no. of applications. Reason: Urgent Action Required.	Neil Blaney Head of Place and Commercial Services

3. IMPLICATIONS, RISK MANAGEMENT & CLIMATE CHANGE IMPACT

3.1 Financial

There are no direct financial implications as this is an advisory report only. The financial impacts of the spending covered by the waivers were assessed at the time these procurements were carried out.

3.2 Legal

The reporting of Waivers to the Audit Scrutiny Committee is a requirement of the Financial Instructions and Contract Procedure Rules within the Constitution.

3.3 Risks

Risks are evaluated when individual waiver approval is sought. Waivers would not be approved if they presented unacceptable risk.

3.4 Environmental/Climate Change Impact

Not applicable. This is an advisory report only.

4. CONCLUSION

That the report be noted.



CONTRACT PROCEDURE RULES



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Section 1: Introduction

These Contract Procedure Rules (issued in accordance with section 135 of the 1972 Local Government Act) are intended to promote good procurement practice and public accountability and deter corruption. Following the rules is the best defence against allegations that a purchase has been made incorrectly or fraudulently.

Officers responsible for purchasing or disposal must comply with these Contract Procedure Rules. They lay down minimum requirements and a more thorough procedure may be appropriate for a particular *contract*. (For example, if you would normally require that quotes be obtained, it might be appropriate in particular circumstances to seek additional quotations or tender submissions. Equally, it may not always be appropriate to make use of a waiver under even if one might apply or be granted).

For the purposes of these rules, where there is a requirement for communication to be in writing, this shall be deemed to include e-mail (or other e-communication systems e.g. e-tendering).

- Follow the rules whenever you purchase goods or services or works.
- Take all necessary procurement, legal, financial and professional advice.
- Declare any personal financial interest in a *contract*. Corruption is a criminal offence.
- Conduct any Value for Money review and appraise the purchasing need.
- Check whether there is an existing Corporate Contract or Framework
 Agreement in place you can make use of before undergoing a competitive
 process.
- For purchases using the RFQ procedure, consider competition between local suppliers where possible.
- For purchases below £10,000 consider local suppliers in the first instance.
- Normally allow at least four weeks for submission of *Bids* (not to be submitted by hard copy, fax or e-mail).
- Keep *Bids* confidential to minimise the risk of bid rigging and collusion
- Complete a written *contract* or Council purchase order before supply or works begin.
- Identify a contract manager with responsibility for ensuring the contract delivers as intended.
- Keep records of dealings with suppliers.
- Assess each contract during the term and afterwards to see how well it met the purchasing need and quality of delivery requirements.

In accordance with the *Constitution*, the *Section 151 Officer* may propose amendments to these Contract Procedure Rules after consultation with the *Council's Solicitor*, Internal Audit and the Corporate Procurement Officer. Proposed

amendments must be submitted to the Audit Scrutiny Committee, with a recommendation to Council for approval, where appropriate. Terms in *italics* are defined in the Definitions Appendix at the end the rules.

1 Basic Principles

All purchasing procedures and the letting of Concession Contracts must:

- comply with these Contract Procedure Rules and Financial Instructions (both at Part 4 of the Constitution);
- achieve Value for Money for public money spent;
- be consistent with the highest standards of integrity, having regard to the Council's Anti-Fraud and Corruption Strategy. The Bribery Act 2010 and the Office of Fair Trading guidance on Anti-Competitive Behaviour;
- ensure fairness in allocating public contracts;
- comply with all legal requirements;
- ensure that Non-commercial Considerations do not influence any Contracting Decision;
- support the Council's corporate and departmental aims and policies;
- comply with the Council's Procurement Strategies, Sustainable Procurement Policy and Procedure and The Devon Districts Procurement Strategy; and
- be followed by Officers of the Council in all procurement activities including circumstances where there has been any challenge by the community.

2 Officer Responsibilities

2.1 Officers responsible for purchasing or disposal must comply with these Contract Procedure Rules, Financial Instructions, the Code of Conduct and with all UK legal requirements. Officers must ensure that any Agents, Consultants and contractual partners acting on their behalf also comply.

2.2 Officers must:

- have regard to the Council's purchasing and contract guidance;
- ensure that the appropriate approved budgetary provision is in place;
- check whether a suitable Corporate Contract exists before seeking to let another contract; where a suitable Corporate Contract exists, this must be used unless there is an auditable reason not to;
- keep the records required by Rule 12;
- take all necessary legal, financial and professional advice.
- 2.3 (TUPE) Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment) Regulations 2006

When any employee either of the authority or of a service provider may be affected by any transfer arrangement, Officers must ensure that the Transfer of Undertaking (Protection of Employment) (TUPE) issues are considered and obtain legal advice before proceeding with inviting Tenders or Quotations.

2.4 Heads of Service and Service Managers Responsibilities

Business Leads / Business Managers must:

- > ensure that their staff comply with Rule 2.1
- keep registers of:
 - contracts completed by signature, rather than by the Council's seal (see Rule 22.3) and arrange their safekeeping on Council premises; and
 - waivers recorded under Rule 3.2.

3 Waivers

- 3.1 The Council and its Executive have power to authorise waivers from the requirement to seek quotations or invite tenders for specific projects, and any such decision may be a Key Decision.
- 3.2 Where a waiver is necessary because of an unforeseeable emergency involving immediate risk to persons, property or serious disruption to Council services (Life or Death, Increased Costs / Loss of Income, Limited Markets, Reputation or Continuity and Compatibility) the Officer must seek the approval of their Business Manager or Business Lead, Corporate Procurement Officer, Internal Audit, the Leader/Deputy Leader of the Council, and the Chief Executive, who may jointly approve the waiver. A report must be prepared for the next Executive to support the action taken. Terms are defined as:

Life or Death

Is there a significant chance that the life or health of officers, members or the public will be put at real risk?

Increased Costs / Loss of Income

Will the Council incur significant avoidable costs or lose significant income (significant shall be taken to mean material in the sense that it is either material to the project, the service or the Council)?

Limited Markets/Continuity and Compatibility

Would the Council be wasting its time obtaining quotations as supply of the product or service is demonstrably restricted to one or few businesses (or an Approved List if it is recommended by Central Government which evidences that the market has been tested)? Does the supplier already know about the

project? Are the goods being purchased only compatible with dependent parts already owned by The Council.

Urgent Action Required Would the Council be criticised for failing to act promptly?

- 3.3 No waiver can be used if the FTS Procedure applies. The latest FTS procurement limits are available from either the Corporate Procurement Officer or Internal Audit.
- 3.4 All waivers, and the reasons for them, must be recorded. These shall be completed by the Officer and signed by their Business Manager / Business Lead, Internal Audit, the Leader / Deputy Leader of the Council and the Chief Executive.
- 3.5 Waiver forms must be used and are available on the Council's intranet or from Internal Audit who will monitor the use of waivers and ensure that all waivers are reported to the next Executive and Audit Scrutiny Committees.

4 Contracts between One or More Public Bodies (Teckal Exemption)

- 4.1 Where the Council seeks to provide goods, works or services through its own internal resources it may do so without triggering a procurement exercise (links to Financial Instructions).
- 4.2 Where the Council seeks to provide goods, works or services by entering in to a formal arrangement with another public sector body over which it has some ownership or control it may do so without triggering a procurement exercise where it can be demonstrated that three limited conditions are met, that:
 - the Council must exercise over the body to be awarded the Contract "a control which is similar to that which it exercises over its own departments"; meaning that the Council must have a power of decisive influence over both strategic objectives and significant decisions of the body awarded the Contract, More than 80% of the activities of the body to be awarded the Contract must be carried out in the performance of tasks entrusted to it by the Council; and
 - there must be no direct private capital participation in the body to be awarded the *Contract*.
- 4.3 Where the public sector body that is controlled by the Council seeks to provide goods, works or services by entering in to a formal arrangement

with its controlling Council or another public sector body controlled by the same Council it may do so without triggering a procurement exercise where it can be demonstrated that a limited condition is met, that:

- there is no direct private capital participation in the body being awarded the *Contract*.
- 4.4 Where the Council seeks to provide goods, works or services by entering in to a formal arrangement with one or more public sector bodies over which it has no control it may do so without triggering a procurement exercise where it can be demonstrated that three limited conditions are met, that:
 - the Council must exercise jointly with other public sector bodies "a control which is similar to that which it exercises over its own departments" over the body to be awarded the *Contract*;
 - more than 80% of the activities of the body to be awarded the Contract must be carried out in the performance of tasks entrusted to it by the joint public sector bodies; and
 - there must be no direct private capital participation in the body to be awarded the Contract.

The Council and other public sector bodies can be said to exercise joint control over another body where all of the following conditions are met; that:

- the decision-making bodies of the controlled body are composed of representatives of all participating public sector bodies;
- the participating public sector bodies are able to jointly exert decisive influence over the strategic objectives and significant decisions of the body awarded the Contract; and
- the body to be awarded the *Contract* does not pursue any interests which are contrary to those of the controlling public sector bodies.
- 4.5 A *Contract* concluded exclusively between two or more public sector bodies may not trigger a procurement exercise where it can be demonstrated that three limited conditions are met, that:
 - the Contract establishes or implements a co-operation between the participating public sector bodies with the aim of ensuring that public services they have to perform are provided with a view to achieving common objectives;
 - the implementation of that co-operation is governed solely by considering relating to the public interest; and
 - the participating public sector bodies perform on the open market less than 20% of the activities with which the *Contract* is concerned.

4.6 Officers must proceed with caution when invoking any of the exceptions given within this section, and advice must be sought from the Corporate Procurement Officer.

5 Collaborative Arrangements

- 5.1 The Corporate Procurement Officer must be consulted prior to commencing a procurement process using any purchasing consortia contracts or frameworks e.g. Crown Commercial Service The terms and conditions of Contract applicable to any purchasing consortia arrangement, including the requirement to undertake competition between providers, must be fully complied with.
- 5.2 In order to secure *Value for Money*, the Council may enter into collaborative procurement arrangements. The *Officer* must consult the *Corporate Procurement Officer* where the purchase is to be made using collaborative procurement arrangements with another local authority, government department, statutory undertaker or public service purchasing consortium.
- 5.3 All purchases made via a purchasing consortium are deemed to comply with these Contract Procedure Rules and no waiver is required. However, purchases above the FTS Threshold must be let under the FTS Procedure, unless the consortium has demonstrated that it has satisfied this requirement already by letting their contract in accordance with the FTS Procedures on behalf of the authority and other purchasing consortium members.
- 5.4 Any contracts entered into through collaboration with other local authorities or other public bodies, where a competitive process has been followed that complies with the Contract Procedure Rules of the leading organisation, will be deemed to comply with these Contract Procedure Rules and no waiver is required. However, advice must be sought from the Corporate Procurement Officer.
- 5.5 The use of electronic procurement technology enhances the administrative process for tendering (audit trails etc.) but does not negate the requirement to comply with all elements of these contract procurement rules, particularly those relating to competition and Value for Money.

6 Relevant Contracts

- 6.1 All *Relevant Contracts* must comply with these Contract Procedure Rules. A *Relevant Contract* is any arrangement made by, or on behalf of, the authority for the carrying out of works or for the supply of goods, materials or services. These include arrangements for:
 - the supply of goods (for disposal of goods and assets see the Financial Instructions);
 - the hire, rental or lease of goods or equipment;
 - > the delivery of services, including (but not limited to) those related to:
 - o the recruitment of staff:
 - o financial, legal and *Consultancy* services;
 - Development Agreements under certain circumstances (see Section 31 for further details); and
 - Concession Contracts.

and where the Supplier is:

- another public sector organisation, to include a town and / or parish council;
- > a body wholly or jointly owned or controlled by the Council; and
- a third sector organisation, to include social enterprises, not-for-profit organisations or charities.

6.2 Relevant Contracts do not include:

- contracts of employment which make an individual a direct employee of the authority; or
- agreements regarding the acquisition, disposal, or transfer of land (for which Financial Instructions shall apply); or
- Section151 Officer dealing in the money market or obtaining finance for the Council; or
- contracts made by the Council's Solicitor for the appointment of counsel.

Section 2: Thresholds

7 Purchasing: Requirements to Obtain Quotations or Tenders

- 7.1 The **Total Value** of a *Contract* is the whole of the value or estimated value (in money or equivalent value) for a single purchase in the following circumstances:
 - the total amount payable, net of VAT, as estimated by the Authority, including any form of option and any renewals of the contracts as explicitly set out in the procurement documents, to include any prizes or payments that the Authority intends to make to the Applicant's;
 - where the purchase is regular in nature or is intended to be renewed within a given period, the calculation of the estimated contract value shall be based on either of the following:
 - the total actual value of the successive contracts of the same type awarded during the preceding 12 months or financial year adjusted, where possible, to take account of the changes in quantity or value which would occur in the course of the 12 months following the initial contract;
 - ii. the total estimated value of the successive contracts awarded during the 12 months following the first delivery, or during the financial year where that is longer than 12 months.
 - where the Contract does not indicate a total price, the basis for calculating the estimated Contract value shall be the following:
 - i. in the case of fixed-term contracts where that term is less than or equal to 48 months, the total value for their full term;
 - ii. in the case of contracts without a fixed term or with a term greater than 48 months, the monthly value multiplied by 48.
 - where a proposed work or a proposed provision of services may result in contracts being awarded in the form of separate lots, account shall be taken of the total estimated value of all such lots;
 - where the Contract relates to the leasing, hire, rental or hire purchase of products, the value to be taken as a basis for calculating the estimated contract value shall be as follows:
 - i. for fixed-term *Contracts*, where that term is less than or equal to 12 months, the total estimated value for the term of the contract or, where

- the term of the contract is greater than 12 months, the total value including the estimated residual value;
- ii. for *Contracts* without a fixed term, or public contracts the term of which cannot be defined, the monthly value multiplied by 48.
- for Contracts for insurance services, the premium payable and other forms of remuneration:
- for *Contracts* for banking and other financial services, the fees, commissions payable, interest and other forms of remuneration;
- for design Contracts, the fees, commissions payable and other forms of remuneration;
- where a Authority is comprised of separate operational units, account shall be taken of the total estimated value for all those units except where the separate operational unit is independently responsible for its procurement, or certain categories of its procurement, the values may be estimated at the level of the unit in question;
- in the case of *Framework Agreements* and *Dynamic Purchasing Systems*, the value to be taken into consideration shall be the maximum estimated value, net of VAT, of all the Contracts envisaged for the total term of the *Framework Agreement* or the *Dynamic Purchasing System*;
- in the case of innovation partnerships, the value to be taken into consideration shall be the maximum estimated value, net of VAT, of the research and development activities to take place during all stages of the envisaged partnership as well as of the supplies, services or works to be developed and procured at the end of the envisaged partnership;
- for *Works Contracts*, the calculation of the estimated value shall take account of both the cost of the *Works* and the total estimated value of the *Goods* and *Services* that are made available to the contractor by the Authority provided that they are necessary for executing the *Works*.
- 7.2 The general rules when calculated the *Total Value* of a *Contract* are as follows:
 - the choice of the method used to calculate the estimated value of a Contract shall not be made with the intention of excluding it from the scope of the Contract Procedure Rules;
 - a *Contract* shall not be subdivided with the effect of preventing it from falling within the scope of the Contract procedure Rules;
 - the estimated value shall be calculated as at the moment at which the call for competition is sent or, at the moment at which the authority commences the procurement procedure; and

- the *Total Value* shall be that part of the main *Contract* to be fulfilled by the *Nominated Supplier or Sub-contractor*.
- The Total Value taking into account any options e.g. 3+2 years
- 7.3 The following procedures apply where there are no other procedures which take precedence (such as agency agreements with government). If in doubt, *Officers* must seek the advice of the *Corporate Procurement Officer*.
- 7.4 Where the *Total Value* for a purchase is within the values in the first column below, the *Award Procedure* in the second column must be followed. *Short listing* shall be done by the persons specified in the third column.
- 7.5 Where it can be demonstrated that there are insufficient suitably qualified Candidates to meet the competition requirement, all suitably qualified Suppliers must be invited to quote and Tender and the Corporate Procurement Officer informed. If it can be clearly demonstrated that less than the required quotations are available, then the Waiver procedure in line with paragraph 3 must be followed.
- 7.6 Where the FTS Procedure is required, the Officer shall consult the Corporate Procurement Officer, as appropriate, to determine the method of conducting the purchase. See tables at sections 8 and 9.
- 7.7 Where the Council procures on behalf of itself and other partners (acting as lead authority, the *Total Value* will be the overall value of the *Contract* and not the element of cost that applies to the Council itself.
- 7.8 Where procurement is for a service to be shared between authorities, it must be stated in advance both how the costs are to be apportioned between the partners and where the ownership of any assets falls.

Thresholds for Goods and Services (Table 1)

Total Value (excl. VAT)	Award Procedure	Short listing
Up to £10,000	A minimum of one written <i>Quotation</i> e.g. via email, but good practice to seek most favourable prices and terms, having regard to the Council's Procurement Strategy.	Officer - See also Financial Instructions.
£10,001 - £50,000	A minimum of three written <i>Quotations</i> via the Procurement Portal	Officer and Business Manager.
£50,001 – FTS Threshold	Invitation to Tender by advertisement.	Officer and Business Manager in consultation with the Corporate Procurement Officer.
Above FTS Threshold	FTS Procedure or, where this does not apply, Invitation to Tender by advertisement.	Officer, Business Manager and Business Lead in consultation with the Corporate Procurement Officer.
£50,001 – FTS Threshold	All purchases made via a local authority purchasing and distribution consortium are deemed to comply with these Contract Procedure Rules and no waiver is required e.g. Devon Procurement Services. However, purchases above the FTS Threshold must be let under the FTS Procedure, unless the consortium has satisfied this requirement already.	See paragraph 5.3
All values. Collaborative Contracts	The Corporate Procurement Officer must be consulted prior to commencing any procurement process using collaborative contracts. The terms and conditions of Contract applicable to any collaborative Contract, including the requirement to	See paragraph 5.4

	undertake competition between providers, must be fully complied with.			
All values.	All system developments and purchases of	Officer,	Busine	ss
	computer equipment or software must be	Manager	and t	he
ICT	approved by the Council's designated ICT	Council's	designate	ed
	Manager (currently Strata Service Solutions	ICT Ma	nager	in
	Ltd) and awarded in line with these Rules.	consultation	with t	he
		Corporate	Procureme	ent
		Officer		

9 Threshold for Works (Table 2)

Total Value (excl. VAT)	Award Procedure	Short listing
Up to £15,000	A minimum of one written <i>Quotation</i> e.g. via email, but good practice to seek most favourable prices and terms, having regard to the Council's Procurement Strategy.	Officer - See also Financial Instructions.
£15,001 - £100,000	A minimum of three written <i>Quotations</i> via the Procurement Portal	Officer and Business Manager.
£100,001 – FTS Threshold	Invitation to Tender by advertisement.	Officer and Business Manager in consultation with the Corporate Procurement Officer.
Above FTS Threshold	FTS Procedure or, where this does not apply, Invitation to Tender by advertisement.	Officer, Business Manager and Business Lead in consultation with the Corporate Procurement Officer.

^{9.1} Officers must ensure that they use a variety of suppliers for various projects. Officers must not use the same contractors for purchases under £15,000.

10 Collaborative, Partnership Arrangements, Consultants and External Purchasers

Collaborative and Partnership Arrangements

10.1 Collaborative and partnership arrangements are subject to all UK procurement legislation and must follow these Contract Procedure Rules. If in doubt, Officers must seek the advice of the Council's Solicitor and the Corporate Procurement Officer.

The Appointment of *Consultants* to Provide Services

- 10.2 Construction *Consultants*, to include architects, engineers and surveyors, financial and management *Consultants*, legal advisors and *Consultants* and any other professional persons considered *Consultants* as per the definition provided shall be selected and commissions awarded in accordance with the limits and procedures detailed within these Contract Procedure Rules and as outlined at Rule 7.1
- 10.3 The engagement of a *Consultant* shall follow the agreement of a brief that adequately describes the scope of the services to be provided and shall be subject to completion of a formal letter or *Contract* of appointment to be in the form agreed by the *Council's Solicitor*.
- 10.4 Records of consultancy appointments shall be maintained in accordance with. Rule 18.
- 10.5 Consultants shall be required to provide evidence of, and maintain professional indemnity insurance policies to the satisfaction of the Council's Insurance Officer for the periods specified in the respective agreement.
- 10.6 Officers must be aware of the Council's duty to assess the employment status of individuals and to assess whether they will be working for the Council in an "employed capacity" or "self-employed". The HM Revenue and Customs checklist must be used in the assessment of status and if the individual could be deemed as employed, the Council's recruitment and payroll procedures must be followed.

Contracts to Provide Services to External Purchasers

10.7 The Council's Solicitor, Corporate Procurement Officer and Financial Instructions must be consulted where contracts to work for organisations other than the authority are contemplated

Section 3: Pre-procurement

11 Steps Prior to Purchase

- 11.1 The Officer must appraise the purchase, in a manner commensurate with its complexity and value and taking into account any *purchasing guidance*, by:
 - ensuring the Social Value (Public Services) Act 2012 is complied with for all service contracts where the Total Value exceeds the FTS Threshold:
 - Ensuring that sustainable procurement procedures are used where appropriate (please refer to Sustainable Procurement Policy and Procedure)
 - taking into account the requirements from any relevant Value for Money review;
 - appraising the need for the expenditure and its priority;
 - defining the objectives of the purchase and consider whether it is appropriate to tender on the same basis as any existing arrangement (see also Rule 2.2);
 - assessing the risks associated with the purchase and how to manage them;
 - considering what procurement method is most likely to achieve the purchasing objectives, including internal or external sourcing, partnering, packaging strategy and collaborative procurement arrangements with another local authority, government department, statutory undertaker or public service purchasing consortium;
 - consulting users as appropriate about the proposed procurement method, contract standards and performance and user satisfaction monitoring;
 - drafting appropriate terms and conditions to apply to the proposed contract (if other than the Council's standard terms and conditions, the advice of the Corporate Procurement Officer and the Council's Solicitor must be sought
 - setting out these matters in writing if the Total Value of the purchase exceeds £7,500.
- 11.2 The officer must also confirm that:
 - there is member or delegated approval for the expenditure and the purchase accords with the approved policy framework and scheme of delegation as set out in the Constitution; and
 - if the purchase is a Key Decision, all appropriate steps have been taken.

12 Records and Reporting

- 12.1 The following records must be kept:
 - invitations to quote and Quotations;

A record:

- of any waivers and the reasons for them;
- of the reason if the lowest price is not accepted (Nb. to accept a Quotation other than the lowest, the Officer must be satisfied that the Tender represents the most economically advantageous Bid and best value for money. The Award Criteria for this should have been set out in advance and evaluation records must be retained. See rule 16 for further detail on Award Criteria); and
- written records of communications with the successful contractor or an electronic record if a written record of the transaction would normally not be produced.
- 12.2 Where the *Total Value* exceeds £50,000 the *Officer* must record:
 - the method for obtaining Bids
 - any Contracting Decision and the reasons for it;
 - any waiver under Rule 3 together with the reasons for it;
 - the Selection Criteria in descending order of importance;
 - the Award Criteria in descending order of importance;
 - Invitation to Tender documents sent to and received from Suppliers:
 - pre-tender market research;
 - clarification and post-tender negotiation (including minutes of meetings);
 - legal advice;
 - the contract documents and any variations or extensions;
 - post-contract evaluation and monitoring;
 - communications with Suppliers and with the successful contractor throughout the period of the Contract; and
 - ongoing checking of the financial position of the successful contractor throughout the period of the Contract.

Please see Appendix A for the contract award report to assist with adherence to this rule 12.2.

- 12.3 Records must be kept for six years after the end of the contract. However, written documents which relate to unsuccessful *Suppliers* must be destroyed after 12 months from award of successful contract, provided there is no dispute about the award.
- 12.4 Where the *Total Value* exceeds the *FTS Threshold* the *Officer* shall draw up a written report which shall include at least the following:

- the name and address of the Council, the subject-matter and value of the Contract, Framework Agreement or Dynamic Purchasing System;
- where applicable, the results of the *Selection* stage and reduction in *Tenderers*, namely:-
 - the names of the selected *Tenderers* and the reason for their selection; and
 - the names of the rejected *Tenderers* and the reasons for their rejection;
- The reasons for the rejection of *Tenders* found to be abnormally low; the name of the successful *Tenderer* and the reasons why its *Tender* was selected and, where known:-
 - the share (if any) of the Contract or Framework Agreement which the Tenderer intends to subcontract to third parties; and
 - o the names of the main contractor's subcontractors (if any);
- for Competitive Procedures with Negotiation and Competitive Dialogue the circumstances which justify the use of those procedures;
- for Negotiated Procedures without Prior Publication, the circumstances which justify the use of this procedure
- where applicable, the reasons why the Council has decided not to award a Contract or Framework Agreement or to establish a Dynamic Purchasing System
- where applicable, the reasons why means of communication other than electronic means have been used for the submission of *Tenders*;
- where applicable, conflicts of interest and subsequent measures taken

Where the *Contract Award Notice* contains the information required above, the *Council* may refer to that notice.

13 Advertising

Identifying and Assessing Potential Candidates

- 13.1 The tender thresholds sections 8 and 9, and wherever practicable, *Officers* shall ensure that where the *Total Value* of the proposed *Contract* does not exceed £50,000 they shall invite a minimum of three suppliers, one of whom must have a head office which is registered within the Council's boundaries. Officers shall be seen to alternate the Suppliers to whom quotation documentation is sent so as to ensure fair competition within the market.
- 13.2 Officers shall ensure that, where proposed contracts, irrespective of their *Total Value*, might be of interest to potential *Candidates*, a sufficiently accessible advertisement is published. Generally, the greater the interest of

- the contract to potential bidders from other member states, the wider the coverage of the advertisement should be.
- 13.3 For all procurements that are over the RFQ threshold, advertisements must be placed on the *Council's* electronic tendering system
- 13.4 For all procurements over £10,000, advertisements must be placed on *Contracts Finder*. https://www.gov.uk/contracts-finder
- 13.5 Advertisements must include at least:
 - the time by which any interested Supplier must respond to the opportunity;
 - how and to whom the *Supplier* is to respond; and
 - any other requirements for participating in the procurement.
- 13.6 Where the *Council* published information on *Contracts Finder* it shall by means of the internet offer unrestricted and full direct access free of charge to the relevant contract documents and specify in the information published on *Contracts Finder* the internet address at which those documents are available.

In addition to the above, advertisements may also be placed in:

- the Council's website:
- the Council's social media
- the Council's electronic tendering system;
- national official journals, or
- Find a Tender Service (FTS)

Notices must be placed in Find a Tender Service for *Contracts* with a value exceeding the *FTS Threshold*

13.7 For proposed contracts that are expected to exceed the RFQ threshold assessment and selection will be in conjunction with the *Corporate Procurement Officer*.

Assessing:

13.8 The *Council* shall not include a pre-qualification stage in a procurement under the *FTS Threshold*.

In any event the *Council* may ask *Suppliers* to answer *Selection* questions to assess their ability to meet requirements or minimum standards of suitability, capability, legal status or financial standing, only if each such question is:

- relevant to the subject-matter of the procurement; and
- proportionate.

Approved Lists

- 13.9 *Approved Lists* will not be maintained due to the costs of proper administration and the need to ensure that competition is maximised.
- 13.10 Suppliers interested in doing business with the Council must register on the Council's electronic tendering system, which is available at: www.supplyingthesouthwest.org.uk
- 13.11A register of pre-qualified contractors and Consultants maintained by or on behalf of central government (e.g. Constructionline, Accredit) will not be deemed to be an Approved List for the purpose of these Contract Procedure Rules.

14 Framework Agreements and Dynamic Purchasing Systems (DPS)

Framework Agreements

- 14.1 A *Framework Agreement* is an arrangement of one or more contracting authorities with one or more suppliers in order to establish the terms governing the contracts awarded during a given period.
- 14.2 The term of a *Framework Agreement* must not exceed four years. There must be one (a single-provider framework), or more than two (2) (multi-provider framework) *Suppliers* within an agreement under UK procurement law. The Council's *Corporate Procurement Officer* must always be consulted before any action is taken.
- 14.3 Contracts based on *Framework Agreements* may be awarded by either:
 - applying the terms laid down in the *Framework Agreement* (where such terms are sufficiently precise to cover the particular call-off) without reopening competition (also known as a *direct award*); or
 - where the terms laid down in the Framework Agreement are not precise enough or complete for the particular call off by holding a mini competition in accordance with the following procedure:
 - inviting the organisations within the Framework Agreement that are capable of executing the subject of the contract to submit written Tenders;

- fixing a time limit which is sufficiently long to allow *Tenders* for each specific contract to be submitted, taking into account factors such as the complexity of the subject of the contract; and
- awarding the contract to the tenderer who has submitted the best Tender on the basis of the Award Criteria set out in the specifications of the Framework Agreement.
- 14.4 Contracts based on a *Framework Agreement* may under no circumstances entail substantial modifications to the terms laid down in that *Framework Agreement*.
- 14.5 When a *Framework Agreement* has been selected for use, only the *Suppliers* that appear on the agreement may be approached to provide the Contract. Multiple *Framework Agreements* may not be selected for use to procure one single *Contract*.
- 14.6 Contracts may be awarded beyond the life of a *Framework Agreement* provided that such contracts are not awarded improperly or in a way that seeks to distort competition. As an example it would serve to distort competition to award a *Contract* that significantly exceeded the life of the *Framework Agreement* where it was not common practice or expected by the market to do so.
- 14.7 A *Contract* procured under a *Framework Agreement* by another user may not be used by way of avoiding running a further competition, unless expressly permitted by the terms of the *Framework Agreement* or resultant call-off contract.
- 14.8 The *Standstill* obligations need only be applied to contracts awarded against a *Framework Agreement* that will exceed the *FTS Threshold*.

Dynamic Purchasing Systems (DPS)

14.9 A *Dynamic Purchasing System* is similar to a *Framework Agreement* insofar as it is an arrangement of one or more contracting authorities with one or more suppliers in order to establish the terms governing the contracts awarded during a given period, the term must not exceed four years and its *Total Value* must be the total of all contracts that are anticipated to be awarded under it.

The way in which the *Dynamic Purchasing System* is different to a *Framework Agreement* is that additional *Suppliers* can be added throughout the life of the arrangement and the life of the arrangement can be for a period, which is proportionate to the nature of the works, services or goods to be procured under it, as specified by the *Council*.

- 14.10 In opening up access to *Suppliers* to the *Dynamic Purchasing System* the *Officer* must:
 - offer unrestricted, direct and full access to the procurement documents by electronic means at all times throughout the life of the Dynamic Purchasing System;
 - allow new applications to be submitted throughout the life of the Dynamic Purchasing System;
 - complete the evaluation of a newly submitted application within ten days of its receipt;
 - admit to the Dynamic Purchasing System all new Suppliers that satisfy the Selection criteria, and
 - notify Suppliers of their admission to the Dynamic Purchasing System or rejection of their application.
- 14.11 In awarding a *Contract* under the *Dynamic Purchasing System* the *Officer* must:

place an advertisement against the *Dynamic Purchasing System* to notify Suppliers of the requirement to award a *Contract*. Where the *Dynamic Purchasing System* has been established in accordance with the UK procurement rules, i.e. where the *Total Value* exceeds the *FTS Threshold*,

• evaluate any new applications in response to the advertisement prior to issuing *Invitations to Tender* under the *Dynamic Purchasing System*.

All Suppliers admitted to the Dynamic Purchasing System must be given an opportunity to respond to the Invitation to Tender, and the Contract shall be awarded to the Supplier that submits the best Bid in accordance with the Selection and Award Criteria set out in the original advertisement

14.12 The Council's *Corporate Procurement Officer* must always be consulted before any action is taken to establish a *Dynamic Purchasing System*.

15 Early Market Engagement and Consultation (Soft Market Test)

15.1 The *Officer* responsible for the purchase: may, prior to the issue of the *Invitation to Tender* or *Quotation*, consult potential suppliers in general terms about the nature, level and standard of the supply, *Contract* packaging and other relevant matters, provided this does not prejudice any potential *Supplier*.

- 15.2 The *Officer* may seek or accept advice from potential *Suppliers* that can be used in the planning and conduct of the procurement procedure, provided that it does not have the effect of distorting competition and does not result in the violation of the principles of non-discrimination and transparency.
- 15.3 The *Officer* shall take appropriate measures to ensure that competition is not distorted, including:
 - communicating to the other *Tenderers* any relevant information exchanged resulting from the involvement of the *Supplier's*; and
 - fixing adequate time limits for the receipt of *Tenders*.
- 15.4 Supplier's that have assisted the Officer in preparing the procurement procedure shall only be excluded from the procedure where there are no other means to ensure compliance with the duty to treat all Supplier's equally and Supplier's shall be given the opportunity to prove that their involvement in preparing the procurement procedure is not capable of distorting competition.
- 15.5 A Soft Market Test exercise can be conducted via www.supplyingthesouthwest.org.uk, advice must be sought from the Corporate Procurement Officer before conducting any such exercise.
- 15.6 For service contracts where the *Total Value* will exceed the *FTS Threshold* the *Officer* must give due consideration to the Social Value (Public Services) Act 2012 prior to the commencement of the procurement process.

Section 4: The Procurement

16 Standards and Award Criteria

- 16.1 The Officer must define the Selection Criteria that are related and proportionate to the subject matter of the Contract. These shall form a stage one assessment of whether a Tenderer may progress with a Tender process, whether from the Pre-Qualification Questionnaire (PQQ) to Tender stage or from the Selection stage evaluation to the Award stage evaluation in an open Tender. The criteria to be assessed against may be chosen from the following:
 - criteria for the mandatory exclusion of the Supplier, such as conspiracy, prior criminal convictions, evidence of corruption, bribery, fraud, terrorism, money laundering, tax evasion, etc. (this list is not exhaustive);
 - criteria for the discretionary exclusion of the Supplier, such as bankruptcy, grave professional misconduct, evidence of distorting competition, conflict of interest, significant deficiencies in the delivery of a prior public contract, etc. (this list is not exhaustive);
 - information as to economic and financial standing; such as, insurances, statements of accounts, statements of turnover, etc. (this list is not exhaustive); and
 - information as to technical or professional ability; such as
 - the Supplier's professional ability, taking into account in particular that economic operator's skills, efficiency, experience and reliability;
 - evidence of a sufficient level of experience demonstrated by suitable references from contracts performed in the past; and
 - evidence that the *Supplier* possesses the necessary human and technical resources and experience to perform the contract to an appropriate quality standard (this list is not exhaustive).
- 16.2 The *Officer* shall include within its procurement procedures the Crown Commercial Services Standard Pre-Qualification Questionnaire for the purposes of assessing the *Selection* criteria. This shall apply to all procurement procedures with the exception of contract for *Works*, which can include the PAS 91 standard for assessing the *Selection* criteria.

The Corporate Procurement Officer must be consulted where the Total Value of the Contract is likely to exceed the FTS Threshold and in any

event to provide advice and guidance concerning the Crown Commercial Services Pre-Qualification Questionnaire to ensure that the questions are related and proportionate to the subject matter of the contract.

16.3 Selection Criteria must not include:

- Award Criteria;
- Non-commercial Considerations (See Definitions Appendix); and
- criteria that is not related and proportionate to the subject matter of the Contract.
- 16.4 The Officer must ascertain what are the relevant British or equivalent European or international standards which are linked to the subject matter of the Contract and are appropriate to define characteristics of the Works, Goods or Services that are the subject-matter of the Contract. The Officer must include those standards which are necessary properly to describe the required quality. This includes sustainability, environmental, and health and safety standards. The Council's Solicitor and Corporate Procurement Officer must be consulted if it is proposed to use standards other than European standards.
- 16.5 The *Officer* must set out the technical specification in the procurement documents that lay down the characteristics required of the *Works*, *Services* or *Goods*, which can include the following:
 - levels of environmental and climate performance;
 - design for all requirements (including accessibility for disabled persons);
 - performance;
 - safety or dimensions:
 - procedures concerning quality assurance;
 - packaging;
 - rules relating to design and costing; and
 - inspection and acceptance conditions, etc. (this list is not exhaustive).
- 16.6 The *Officer* must define *Award Criteria* that are appropriate to the purchase and designed to secure an outcome giving Value for Money for the authority. The basic criteria shall be:
 - 'Lowest price' where payment is to be made by the authority when the *Award Criteria* is price alone;
 - 'Highest price' if payment is to be received; or
 - 'Most economically advantageous', where considerations in addition to price also apply.

If the former criterion is adopted, it must be further defined by reference to sub-criteria which may refer only to relevant considerations. The criteria to be assessed against may be chosen from the following:

- quality, including technical merit, aesthetic and functional characteristics, social, environmental and innovative characteristics;
- organisation, qualification and experience of staff assigned to perform the contract;
- after-sales service and technical assistance; and
- cost, on the basis of a fixed price or life-cycle costing, etc. (this list is not exhaustive)

Award Criteria must be accompanied by the relative weightings ranked in order of importance to the Council in the context of the specific procurement and must be linked to the subject-matter of the Contract.

- 16.7 Award Criteria must not include:
 - Selection Criteria:
 - Non-commercial Considerations:
 - matters which discriminate against suppliers, irrespective of size, from the
 - criteria that is not related and proportionate to the subject matter of the *Contract*.

17 Procurement Documentation

- 17.1 Council *Officers* must prepare their *Procurement Documentation* using the Council's standard templates, which are available on the Council's Intranet site or via the *Corporate Procurement Officer*.
- 17.2 The *Procurement Documentation* shall state that no *Bid* will be considered unless it is received by the date and time stipulated. No *Bid* delivered in contravention of this clause shall be considered under any circumstances.
- 17.3 All *Procurement Documentation* shall include the following:
 - a specification that describes the authority's requirements in sufficient detail to enable the submission of competitive offers;
 - a requirement for Suppliers to declare that the Bid content, price or any
 other figure or particulars concerning the Bid have not been disclosed by
 the Supplier to any other party (except where such a disclosure is made
 in confidence for a necessary purpose);

- a requirement for Suppliers to complete fully and sign all Bid documents including a form of Tender and certificates relating to canvassing and noncollusion;
- notification that *Bids* are submitted to the Council on the basis that they are compiled at the *Supplier's* expense;
- in the event that the *Contract* will not be divided in to separate *Lot*s, the procurement documents will indicate the main reasons why not
- a description of the Award Procedure and, unless defined in a prior advertisement, a definition of the Award Criteria in objective terms and if possible in descending order of importance;
- notification that no Bid will be considered unless it is submitted via the Council's approved electronic tendering system;
- a stipulation that any Tenders submitted by fax or e-mail shall not be considered.
- the method by which any arithmetical errors discovered in the submitted Bids is to be dealt with. In particular, whether the overall price prevails over the rates in the *Tender* or vice versa;
- instructions to *Suppliers* concerning the procurement process and *Procurement Documentation* and information concerning the contract opportunity;
- the pricing schedule, schedule of rates, whole life costing schedule or other such appropriate pro-forma for gathering the *Supplier's* pricing;
- a requirement for Suppliers to indicate in its Tender any share of the Contract that it intends to subcontract to third parties and details of those subcontractors, if known; and
- a requirement for *Suppliers* to indicate in its *Tender* whether it is bidding as part of a consortium and details of the other consortia members.
- 17.4 All *Suppliers* invited to *Bid* must be issued with the same information at the same time and be subject to the same conditions. Any supplementary information must be given on the same basis.
- 17.5 All *Procurement Documentation* must specify the goods, service or works that are required, together with the terms and conditions of *Contract* that will apply

17.6 The *Procurement Documentation* must state that the Council is not bound to accept any *Quotation* or *Tender*, either as a whole or in part.

18 Shortlisting

- 18.1 The *Officer* will not include a Pre-Qualification stage in any procurement under the relevant *FTS* Threshold. *Officers* may reject *Bids* from *Suppliers* submitted against procurement procedures under this threshold only in accordance with the mandatory or discretionary rejection *Selection* criteria.
- 18.2 Where the procurement exceeds the *FTS* Threshold, any *shortlisting* must be done in accordance with the permitted *Selection Criteria*.
- 18.3 Evaluation criteria must be transparent and any sub-criteria specified. Shortlisting records must be kept and held for the period specified in the Council's Document Retention Policy and Rule 18.
- 18.4 Where the *Contract* is subdivided in to *Lots* the procurement documents shall indicate whether *Tenders* may be submitted for one, for several or for all of the *Lots*.
- 18.5 Where the *Contract* is subdivided in to *Lots* the procurement documents may state the number of *Lots* that may be awarded to one *Supplier* and any criteria or rules that will be applied in determining the way in which the *Lots* will be awarded.
- 18.6 Officers must contact the Corporate Procurement Officer prior to implementing shortlisting criteria in to their procurement documents.
- 18.7 The officers responsible for shortlisting are specified in Rule 7.1

19 Submission, Receipt & Opening of Tenders

19.1 Suppliers must be given an adequate period in which to prepare and submit a proper Quotation or Tender, consistent with the complexity of the contract requirement. Normally at least four weeks should be allowed for submission of Tenders. The Pub Contracts Regulations 2015 lays down specific time periods

- 19.2 All *Tenders* must be submitted electronically, through the Council's approved and secure electronic tendering system.
- 19.3 *Tenders* received by fax or other electronic means (e.g. email) must be rejected.
- 19.4 Each *Tender* must be:
 - suitably recorded so as to subsequently verify the date and precise time it was received:
 - adequately protected immediately on receipt to guard against amendment of its contents; and
 - recorded immediately on receipt in the *Tender Register*.
- 19.5 Tenders received after the set date and time must not be accepted and the Corporate Procurement Officer informed of late submissions. For the purposes of these rules the time will be deemed to be at the first stroke e.g. noon will be 12.00.00.
- 19.6 The Corporate Procurement Officer shall ensure that all *Tenders* are opened at the same time when the period for their submission has ended.
- 19.7 Upon opening, a summary of the main terms of each *Tender* (i.e. significant issues that are unique to each *Tender* submission and were not stated in the *Tender* invitation documents such as *Tender* sum) must be verified on the electronic tendering system

20 Clarification Procedures & Post-Tender Negotiation

- 20.1 Providing clarification of an *Invitation to Tender* to potential or actual *Suppliers is* permitted:
 - in writing via the Council's electronic tendering system;
 - at a meeting/site visit, provided that a written record is made of the meeting; and
 - in a way that is fair, transparent and equal to all participants.
- 20.2 Discussions with tenderers after submission of a *Tender* and before the award of a *Contract* with a view to obtaining adjustments in price, delivery or content (i.e. post-tender negotiations) **must be the exception** rather than the rule. In

- particular, they must not be conducted in an *FTS Procedure* where this might distort competition, especially with regard to price. If in doubt, seek professional advice from the *Corporate Procurement Officer*.
- 20.3 If post-tender negotiations are necessary after a single-stage *Tender* or after the second stage of a two-stage *Tender*, then such negotiations shall only be undertaken with the tenderer who is identified as having submitted the best *Tender* and after all unsuccessful *Suppliers* have been informed. *Officers* appointed by a *Business Lead* to carry out post-tender negotiations should ensure that there are recorded minutes of all negotiation meetings and that both parties agree actions in writing.
- 18.4 Post-tender negotiation must only be conducted in accordance with the guidance issued by the *Corporate Procurement Officer* who must be consulted wherever it is proposed to enter into post-tender negotiation. Negotiations must be conducted by a team of at least two *Officers*, one of whom must be from a division independent to that leading the negotiations.
- 20.5 Where post-tender negotiation results in a fundamental change to the specification (or contract terms) the *Contract* must not be awarded but retendered.

21 Evaluation, Award & Debrief

- 21.1 Apart from the debriefing required or permitted by these Contract Procedure Rules, the confidentiality of *Quotations, Tenders* and the identity of *Suppliers* must be preserved at all times and information about one *Supplier's* response must not be given to another *Supplier*.
- 21.2 *Tenders* and *Quotations* must be evaluated and awarded in accordance with the *Selection* and *Award Criteria*. During this process, *Officers* shall ensure that submitted *Tender* prices are compared with any pre-tender estimates and that any discrepancies are examined and resolved satisfactorily.
- 21.3 The arithmetic in compliant *Tenders* must be checked. If arithmetical errors are found they should be notified to the tenderer, who should be requested to confirm or withdraw their *Tender*.

- 21.4 Officers may use Electronic Auctions as a means of driving additional Value for Money and as part of the Award Criteria, where this process is completed using the Council's electronic tendering portal. Where the Officer wishes to use such a tool, the Corporate Procurement Officer must be contacted to offer assistance. Electronic Auctions may also be used for seeking Bids in sale transactions, such as land, where the highest possible price is sought from an applicant. (Links to 'Disposals' in Financial Instruction).
- 21.5 Officers may accept Quotations and Tenders received in respect of proposed contracts, provided they have been sought and evaluated fully in accordance with these Contract Procedure Rules. Awarding of contracts that are expected to exceed the approved budget sum shall be referred back to the Executive or the Section 151 Officer as appropriate, in line with the Scheme of Delegation.
- 21.6 Where the *Total Value* is over the Request for Quotation threshold, the *Officer* must notify all *Suppliers* in writing simultaneously and as soon as possible of the intention to award the contract to the successful *Supplier* and include the reasons why for unsuccessful bidders. Where an unsuccessful *Supplier* requests debrief information the *Officer* may use their discretion in deciding whether or not to comply with the request; there is no legal obligation imperative on the *Officer* to do so.
- 21.7 Where the *Total Value* will exceed the *FTS Threshold* the *Officer* must notify all *Suppliers* in writing simultaneously and as soon as possible of the intention to award the *Contract* to the successful *Supplier*, unless it is known sooner in the procurement process that a *Supplier* has been unsuccessful, in which case the *Officer* must notify the *Supplier* soonest with as much of the information required at 21.8 below as possible. The latter applies most particularly, but not exclusively, in the case of a Restricted Procedure whereby the *Officer* must communicate the list of shortlisted *Suppliers* to those that have not been shortlisted.
- 21.8 The letters to the unsuccessful *Suppliers* must contain:
 - the criteria for the award of the Contract;
 - the reasons for the decision, including the characteristics and relative advantages of the successful *Tender*, the score (if any) obtained by:
 - the Supplier which is to receive the notice; and
 - the Supplier to be awarded the Contract, or to become a party to a Framework Agreement or Dynamic Purchasing System;
 - the name of the Supplier to be awarded the Contract; or to become a
 party to a Framework Agreement or Dynamic Purchasing System; and

- a precise statement of either:
 - when the Standstill Period is expected to end and, if relevant, how the timing of its ending might be affected by any and, if so what, contingencies; or
 - the date before which the Council will not enter into the Contract or conclude the Framework Agreement or Dynamic Purchasing System.
- 21.9 The Officer must provide a Standstill Period of at least ten working days, where the communication is made electronically (fifteen days if not) to allow unsuccessful Suppliers the opportunity of challenging the decision before the Officer awards the Contract. The Standstill Period shall end at midnight on the final day of Standstill and no sooner. Where the last day of the Standstill Period is not a working day, the Standstill Period is extended to midnight at the end of the next working day. If the decision is challenged by an unsuccessful Supplier then the Officer shall not award the Contract and shall immediately seek the advice of the Council's Solicitor and Corporate Procurement Officer.
- 21.10 Where the *Supplier* has been informed of the fact that they have not been successful at an early stage in the procurement process, they must be provided within fifteen days of any request in writing from said *Supplier*, with the reasons that they were unsuccessful.

Section 5: The Contract

22 Contract Documents

22.1 Relevant Contracts

- 22.1.1 All *Relevant Contracts* above £10,000 shall be **in writing** in a form approved by the *Council's Solicitor.*
- 22.1.2 All *Relevant Contracts*, irrespective of value, shall clearly specify:
 - What is to be supplied (i.e. the works, materials, services, matters or things to be furnished, had or done);
 - The provisions for payment (i.e. the price to be paid and when);
 - The time, or times, within which the Contract is to be performed; and
 - The provisions for the Council to terminate the contract.
- 22.1.3 The Council's purchase orders or standard terms and conditions issued by a relevant professional body must be used for simple purchases of goods. If any doubt exists, the advice of the *Council's Solicitor* and *Corporate Procurement Officer* must be sought.
- 22.1.4 In addition, every *Relevant Contract* of purchase **over £50,000** must also state clearly as a minimum:
 - Health and Safety requirements (where applicable and proportionate);
 - sustainability and environmental management requirements (where applicable and proportionate);
 - Social Value Act requirements (where applicable, i.e. for service Contracts with a Total Value in excess of the FTS Threshold);
 - Equality Act 2010 requirements (where applicable and proportionate);
 - that the contractor may not assign or sub-contract without prior written consent;
 - any insurance requirements;
 - Ombudsman requirements;
 - data protection requirements, if relevant:
 - that charter standards are to be met if relevant;
 - Freedom of Information Act requirements;
 - where *Agents* are used to let contracts, that *Agents* must comply with the Council's Contract Procedure Rules;
 - a right of access to relevant documentation and records of the contractor for monitoring and audit purposes if relevant;
 - · any confidentiality requirements;
 - tax evasion and avoidance requirements;
 - a prompt payment clause stating that payment of undisputed invoices will be made within 30 days by contractors and subcontractors;

- a clause concerning technical staff where these are inherent to the successful outcome of the Supplier's Bid giving a requirement for the Supplier to notify the Authority where they intend to replace those members of staff; and
- termination clauses compliant with the Public Contracts Regs 2015.
- 22.1.5 The formal advice of the *Council's Solicitor* must be sought for contracts where any of the following apply:
 - where the Total Value exceeds £50,000; or
 - below £50,000 if other than the Council's standard terms and conditions are to be used; or
 - those involving leasing arrangements (Section 151 Officer to be advised); or
 - where it is proposed to use a supplier's own terms; or
 - those involving the purchase of application software with a Total Value of more than £50,000; or
 - those that are complex in any other way.

22.2 Contract Formalities

22.2.1 Agreements shall be completed as follows:

Total Value	Method of Completion	Ву
Purchase orders -	Electronic Order or	Authorised officer
up to £50,000	Signature	
Contracts and	Signature	Business Lead / Business
licences		Manager or Nominated Deputy
up to £50,000		(Rule 22.2.3)
with the Council's		
Standard Terms		
and Conditions Contracts and	Signature	Business Lead / Business
licences up to	Signature	Manager, on the advice of the
£50,000		Council's Solicitor
with Non Standard		
Terms and		
Conditions		
Above £50,000	Signature or Sealing	Business Lead or the Council's
or if any of para	(unless advised by the	Solicitor
16.1.5.	Council's Solicitor that	
	sealing is not necessary)	
ICT - system	Method of completion in	As above, except in all cases to
developments and	line with limits above	involve the Council's designated
purchases of ICT		ICT Manager (Currently Strata
equipment or software		Service Solutions Ltd).
SURWARE		

22.2.2 All contracts must be concluded formally in writing before the supply, service or construction work begins, except in exceptional circumstances, and then only with the written consent of the *Council's Solicitor* or *Section151 Officer*. An award letter is insufficient.

- 22.2.3 The *Officer* responsible for securing signature of the contract must ensure that the person signing for the other contracting party has authority to bind it. The use of Letters of Intent (which are binding for the Council) should be avoided, but in exceptional circumstances they may be used with the approval of and review by the *Council's Solicitor* before issue. The same rules relating to signatures apply.
- 22.2.4 Any new *Contract* should not be signed until the *Contract* it replaces is either ended or under notice.
- 22.2.5 Depending on the circumstances an officer of the Council may be subject to disciplinary action if he / she signs a *Contract* without being specifically authorised to do so.
- 22.2.6 All original contracts must be must given to the *Council's Solicitor* for secure storage and recording in the Council's Contract Register. It is the responsibility of the *Officer* to ensure that this happens, only copies of contracts should be held within services. An electronic copy must be sent to the *Corporate Procurement Officer*.
- 22.2.7 Contract award notices must be placed on the *Council's* electronic tendering system and *Contracts Finder*.

22.3 Sealing

- 22.3.1 Where appropriate contracts are completed by each side adding their formal seal. The fixing of the Council's seal must be witnessed by a further officer on behalf of the *Council's Solicitor*.
- 22.3.2 Every Council sealing will be consecutively numbered, recorded and signed by the person witnessing the seal. The seal must not be affixed except in accordance with the Council's *Constitution*.
- 22.3.3 A contract must be sealed where:
 - the Council may wish to enforce the contract more than six years after its end;
 - the price paid or received under the contract is a nominal price and does not reflect the value of the goods or services, or
 - there is any doubt about the authority of the person signing for the other contracting party.

23 Bonds and Parent Company Guarantees (PCGs)

23.1 The *Officer* must consult the *Section 151 Officer* about whether a *Parent Company Guarantee* is necessary when a *Supplier* is a subsidiary of a parent company and:

- the Total Value exceeds £50,000, or
- award is based on evaluation of the parent company, or there is some concern about the stability of the *Supplier*.
- 23.2 The Officer must consult the Section 151 Officer about whether a Bond is needed:
 - where the Total Value exceeds £1,000,000, or
 - where it is proposed to make stage or other payments in advance of receiving the whole of the subject matter of the contract and there is concern about the stability of the Candidate i.e. following a formal risk assessment.

24 Prevention of Corruption and Anti-Competitive Behaviour

Prevention of Corruption

24.1 The *Officer* needs to be aware of the Bribery Act 2010 which introduces general offences of offering or receiving bribes, a specific offence of bribing a foreign public

- official, and the new corporate offence of failing to prevent bribery; and the Council's Anti-Fraud and Corruption Strategy.
- 24.2 The *Officer* must comply with the Council's *Code of Conduct* and must not invite or accept any gift or reward in respect of the award or performance of any contract. It will be for the *Officer* to prove that anything received was not received corruptly. High standards of conduct are obligatory. Corrupt behaviour will lead to dismissal and is a crime under the statutes referred to in Rule 24.3 below.
- 24.3 The following clause must be put in every written Council contract:
 - "The Council may terminate this contract and recover all its loss if the Contractor, its employees or anyone acting on the Contractor's behalf do any of the following things:
 - (a) offer, give or agree to give to anyone any inducement or reward in respect of this or any other Council contract (even if the Contractor does not know what has been done), or
 - (b) commit an offence under the Bribery Act 2010 or Section 117 of the Local Government Act 1972, or
 - (c) commit any fraud in connection with this or any other Council contract whether alone or in conjunction with Council members, contractors or employees. Any clause limiting the Contractor's liability shall not apply to this clause."

Anti-Competitive Behaviour

- 24.4 In their guidance for public sector procurers, the Office of Fair Trading has highlighted practical steps to take to reduce the risks of anti-competitive behaviour, which should be followed where practical:
 - use non-collusion clauses, certificates of independent Bids and requests;
 - ensure sufficient credible bidders:
 - look for suspicious bidding patterns; and
 - keep good notes of all discussions and potential bidders and systematically scrutinise them for suspicious patterns e.g. geographical prevalence of certain suppliers' areas.
- 24.5 If there is any doubt during a procurement exercise, or for further guidance, the *Officer* should contact the *Corporate Procurement Officer* or Internal Audit.

25 Declarations of Interest

25.1 If it comes to the knowledge of a member or an employee of the authority that a contract in which he or she has an *Interest* has been or is proposed to be entered into by the Council, he or she shall immediately give written notice to the *Monitoring Officer*.

- 25.2 Officers must comply with the Officers' Code of Conduct, as discussed at paragraph 24.2
- 25.3 All Councillors must comply with the Members' *Code of Conduct* and register all contracts for goods, services or works made between the Council and:
 - the councillor;
 - a firm in which s/he is a partner;
 - a company in which s/he is a remunerated director;
 - a member of the Councillor's family or a person with whom they have a close association, or a partnership or company employing or operated by such a person; and
 - any person or body who has a place of business in the Teignbridge District Council area and in which the Councillor has a beneficial interest in a class of securities of that person or body that exceeds the nominal value of £25,000 (or one hundredth of the total issued share capital) which ever the lower.
- 25.4 The *Monitoring Officer* shall maintain a record of all declarations of interests notified by members and *Officers*.

Section 6: Contract Management

26 Managing Contracts

- 26.1 Business Leads / Business Managers must appoint contract managers for all new contracts. All contracts must have a named Council contract manager for the entirety of the contract.
- 26.2 Contract managers must follow best practice in the area of supplier relationship and contract management.
- 26.3 **Extensions** should not be made unless this is provided for in the *Invitation to* Tender and the *Contract* itself. *Business Leads / Business Managers* must contact the *Council's Solicitor* and the *Corporate Procurement Officer* before any extension is actioned. Any **extensions** to contracts are to be in writing in the form approved by the *Council's Solicitor*, sequentially numbered and stored with the original *Contract*.
- 26.4 **Payments** to contractors will only be made on certification of the designated contract manager, in line with the *Financial Instructions*.
- 26.5 Ongoing checking of the financial position of the successful contractor throughout the period of the *Contract*. The level of any review will vary depending on the type of *Contract* and contractor involved, so the advice of the *Section.151 Officer* must be sought. The Contractor's insurance should also be checked annually through the life of the *Contract* and details passed to the Council's insurance officer for comment.
- 26.6 Liquidated and ascertained damages must be deducted for all periods of delay in line with the terms of the contract. Any instance, where in the opinion of the Officer / Contract Manager, this does not apply must be fully justified to, and authorised by, the responsible Business Lead, the Council's Solicitor and the Section 151 Officer.
- 26.7 The Officer / Contract Manager will consult with the responsible Business Lead, the Council's Solicitor and the Section 151 Officer promptly on becoming aware of any significant dispute, claim for additional payment in connection with a contract. No liability shall be accepted without the approval of the Executive in such cases.
- 26.8 Please refer to the Gold, Silver & Bronze Contract register to know how often to have your contract management meetings.

27 Modification of Contracts During Their Term

- 27.1 Contracts and Framework Agreements may be modified during their term without the need for a new procurement procedure in the following limited cases:
 - where the change has already been provided for in the original procurement documents in clear, precise and unequivocal review clauses, provided that they state the scope and nature of the possible modifications or options and the conditions under which they may be used and they do not alter the overall nature of the *Contract* or *Framework Agreement*;
 - for additional Works, Services or Goods by the original Supplier that have become necessary and were not included in the initial procurement, where a change of Supplier cannot be made for economic or technical reasons or would cause significant inconvenience or substantial duplication of costs;
 - where the need for change follows circumstances that could not have been foreseen;
 - where the modification does not alter the overall nature of the Contract
 - where an increase in the price does not exceed 50% of the value of the original Contract or Framework Agreement
 - where a new Supplier replaces the one to which the Authority originally awarded the Contract; and
 - where the change is not substantial.

Where a change is proposed to a *Contract* that exceeds the *FTS Threshold* the *Officer* must contact the *Corporate Procurement Officer*.

28 Risk Assessment, Contingency and Planning

- 28.1 A business case must be prepared for all procurements with a potential value over the *FTS Threshold*. Provision for resources for the management of the contract, for its entirety, must be identified in the business case.
- 28.2 For all contracts with a value of over £50,000, contract managers must:
 - maintain a risk register during the contract period in accordance with the Council's Risk Management Strategy;
 - undertake appropriate risk assessments and for identified risks (in consultation with the Council's Lead Officer for Risk Management and Risk Management Strategy as appropriate);
 - ensure mitigation and contingency measures are in place;
 - monitor the financial performance of the contractor or any parent; and company and alert the *Section151 Officer* if there are any concerns.

29 Contract Monitoring, Evaluation and Review

- 29.1 All *Contracts* that have a value higher than the *FTS Threshold* limits, or which are *High Risk*, are to be subject to formal review(s) by the contract manager with the contractor. The review may be conducted at a frequency that is determined by the risk value and profile of the *Contract*.
- 29.2 As a minimum, for all contracts with a value higher than the *FTS Threshold* limits, or which are *High Risk*, an annual report must be submitted to the Council's Corporate Leadership Team detailing the financial and service performance.
- 29.3 A contract review process must be applied to all contracts deemed to be *High Risk*, *High Value*, or *High Profile*. This process must be applied at key stages of major procurements.
- 29.4 During the life of the contract, the *Officer* must monitor and take any necessary corrective action in respect of:
 - performance:
 - compliance with specification and contract;
 - cost:
 - any Value for Money requirements; and
 - user satisfaction and risk management.
- 29.5 When the *Contract* is completed the Contract Manager must submit a report to the *Corporate Leadership Team.* The report must evaluate the extent to which the purchasing need and the contract objectives (as determined in accordance with Rule 11.1) were met by the contract. Where the contract is to be re-let, a provisional report should also be available early enough to inform the approach to re-letting of the subsequent contract.

Additional Requirements for Contracts Financed from the Capital Programme

- 29.6 Any Officer proposing a project for inclusion in the Capital Programme must complete a Project Initiation Document (PID), and have this signed as approved by their Business Lead / Business Manager and Portfolio Holder. The PID must then be submitted to the Section 151 Officer, who will refer the project to the Capital Review Board and the Executive for approval.
- 29.7 The Project Initiation Document will include the objectives of the project; a risk assessment and contingency plan; details of how the project will be controlled including appointment of a Project Manager; funding required and any revenue impact that the project may incur.

- 29.8 The Section 151 Officer will provide the Executive with a quarterly report on the overall progress of the Capital Programme including any variations. Monthly reports will also be provided to the Corporate Leadership Team.
- 29.9 **Overspends** in monitoring expenditure on a project, the *Officer /* Project Manager shall notify the *Section 151 Officer,* Corporate Leadership Team and Members at the earliest opportunity where the approved expenditure appearing in the capital programme is likely to be exceeded. Authorisations for additional spend should be requested in accordance with the *Financial Instructions* (Virement Rule)

SECTION 7: OTHER RELEVANT CONSIDERATIONS

30 State Aid

Definition

- 30.1 State aid can be defined as any assistance offered by a public sector body in any form whatsoever that distorts or threatens to distort competition by favouring certain organisations and / or *Suppliers* or the production of certain goods. Such aid may take the form of a grant (capital injection), business tax relief, a reduction in rent or preferential finance (this is not an exhaustive list).
- 30.2 Where the Council wishes to administer aid in this manner careful consideration must be given prior to such a grant so as to ensure that it is compatible with EU law. Aid that is not compatible with EU law may be recovered from the beneficiary with interest.
- 30.3 For a grant to be considered as State Aid the following cumulative criteria must be met:
 - the beneficiary receives a grant of a benefit or advantage; and
 - the aid is given by a Member State or through state resources; and
 - the beneficiary receives the aid on a selective basis; and
 - the aid granted distorts or threatens to distort competition; and
 - the aid is capable of affecting trade between Member States

Granted aid must fulfil all of these criteria in order to be deemed as a State Aid for the purposes of EU law.

30.4 Where a grant is defined as State Aid it must be notified in sufficient time to the European Commission. Aid will not be permitted to be bestowed upon the beneficiary until the Commission has reached a decision as to whether it can be deemed as compatible with EU law or not. Where Aid is incompatible the Council will not be permitted to grant it.

Exemptions for State Aid

- 30.5 Besides seeking approval from the European Commission, State Aid can be said to be compatible with EU law and can therefore be granted legally if:
 - for the most part the total de minimis Aid given to a single recipient is less than €200,000 over a 3-year fiscal period;
 - aid in favour of Small, Medium Enterprises, research, innovation, regional development, training, employment of disabled and disadvantaged workers, risk capital and environmental protection; and

- aid measures promoting female entrepreneurship, such as aid for young innovative businesses, aid for newly created small businesses in assisted regions, and measures tackling problems like difficulties in access to finance faced by female entrepreneurs.
- 30.6 Such Aid must still be notified to the European Commission and as a result Council Officers are advised to seek the advice and guidance of the Council's Solicitor and / or Monitoring Officer and Corporate Procurement Officer where State Aid may be said to exist on a particular project or procurement.

31 <u>Development Agreements</u>

Definition

- 31.1 A development agreement can be defined as an arrangement between a public sector body and a third party about the use or development of land or property, the nature of which invariably involves the transfer of land that would be otherwise be considered commercially undesirable, which becomes commercially desirable as a result of incentivisation by the public sector body.
- 31.2 Where the Council wishes to establish a development agreement that meets the definition above, again careful consideration must be given prior to such an agreement being established so as to ensure that it is compatible with EU law. A development agreement that is not compatible with EU law may be said to be a public works or *Concession Contract* and may therefore be subject to the legislation on public procurement.
- 31.3 For a development agreement to be considered as not triggering the public procurement legislation some or all the following characteristics must be met:
 - the proposed development (or a significant part) is to be undertaken at the
 initiative and autonomous intention of the developer. (This may be particularly
 likely if the developer already owns or has control of land to be developed);
 - the development agreement is ancillary or incidental to a transfer or lease of land or property from the Council to the developer, and is intended to protect the interests of the Council which is the lessor or otherwise retains an interest in the land or property;
 - the development agreement is based on proposals put forward by the developer, rather than requirements specified by the Council, albeit that these proposals may be sought, and the "winner" chosen by the Council;
 - there is no pecuniary interest passing from the Council to the developer as consideration for undertaking the development, either through direct payment or indirectly, for example by the assumption of obligations such as contributions towards project finance or guarantees against possible losses by the developer;

- the development agreement does not include specific contractually enforceable obligations on the developer to realise a work or works (even if that work or works is recognised as being the general intent of the parties to the agreement); and
- the development does not consist of or contain works for the direct economic benefit of the Council. The involvement of the Council consists only in the exercise of statutory land-use planning powers.
- 31.4 Where a development agreement cannot be said to meet the criteria defined above a public works or *Concession Contract* must be awarded in accordance with the public procurement legislation

Section 8: Appendices

Appendix A: Documents

Double click on the picture/icon to open the document.

Sustainable Procurement Policy and Procedure



RFQ Template



Tender Templates



Terms and Conditions







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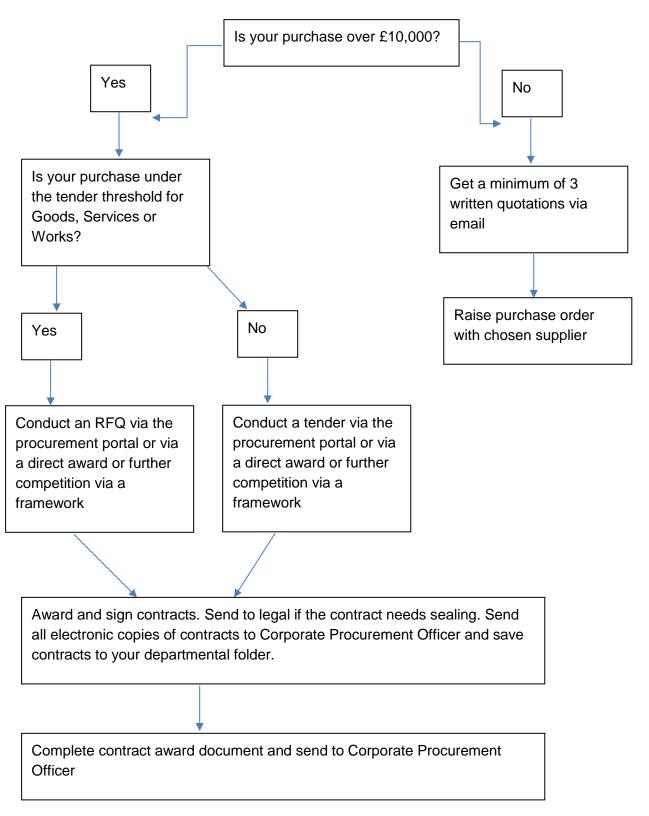
Contract Award Report



Waiver Form







Appendix C: Definitions

Agent	A person or organisation acting on behalf of the Council or on behalf of another organisation.
Approved List	A list drawn up in accordance with Rule 7.2.
Award Criteria	The criteria by which the <i>Contract</i> is to be awarded to the successful
Award Officia	Tenderer
Award Procedure	The procedure for awarding a contract as specified in Rules 8, 10 and 15.
Best Value	The duty, which Part I of the Local Government Act 1999 places on local authorities, to secure continuous improvement in the way in which functions are exercised, having regard to a combination of economy, efficiency and effectiveness as implemented by the Council. This terminology has now in many instances been superseded by <i>Value for Money</i> .
Bid	A Supplier's proposal submitted in response to the Procurement Documentation.
Bond	An insurance policy: if the contractor does not do what it has promised under a contract with the Council, the Council can claim from the insurer the sum of money specified in the bond (often 10% of the contract value). A bond is intended to protect the Council against a level of cost arising from the contractor's failure.
Business Lead	The officers defined as such in the <i>Constitution</i> as members of the Corporate Leadership Team.
Business	The Officer designated by the Business Lead to exercise the role
Manager	reserved to the <i>Business Lead</i> by these Contract Procedure Rules.
Candidate	Any person who asks or is invited to submit a Quotation or Tender.
Code of Conduct	The code regulating conduct of Officers, available on the Council's Intranet.
Concession Contracts	Shall mean a public contract under which <i>Supplier/s</i> are given the (exclusive) right to exploit the works or services provided for their own gain and where the <i>Supplier's</i> income is generated solely from third parties or as a combination of revenue streams from both third parties and the Council.
Constitution	 The constitutional document approved by the Council which: allocates powers and responsibility within the Council and between it and others; delegates authority to act to the Executive, Other Member Bodies and Officers; regulates the behaviour of individuals and groups through rules of procedure, codes and protocols.
Consultant / Consultancy	Someone employed for a specific length of time to work to a defined project brief with clear outcomes to be delivered, who brings specialist skills or knowledge to the role, and where the Council has no ready access to employees with the skills, experience or capacity to undertake the work.

Agreement	economic operators, the purpose of which is to establish the terms governing <i>contracts</i> to be awarded during a given period, in
Service (FTS) Framework	(TED) in relation to OJEU (Pre-Brexit) An agreement between one or more authorities and one or more
Instructions Find a Tender	financial matters issued by the Section151 Officer in accordance with the Constitution (Financial Procedure Rules). The government portal that has replaced Tender Electronic Daily
European Economic Area Financial	The 15 members of the European Union, and Norway, Iceland and Liechtenstein. The Financial Instructions outlining Officer responsibilities for
Executive	The Council's Executive as defined in the Constitution.
Electronic Auction	Is a means of seeking the <i>Supplier's</i> pricing in an electronic format in a live competitive environment, the aim of which is to achieve greater <i>Value for Money</i> than traditional tendering.
Electronic	operators which satisfy the selection criteria specified by the contracting authority; and (c) submit an indicative <i>Tender</i> to the contracting authority or person operating the system on its behalf which complies with the specification required by that contracting authority or person.
Purchasing System	(a) established by a contracting authority to purchase commonly used goods, work, works or services; and(b) open throughout its duration for the admission of economic
Solicitor Dynamic	A completely electronic system of limited duration which is:
Procurement Officer Council's	strategic direction and advice to secure <i>Value for Money</i> in the Council's procurement activities. As identified in the <i>Constitution</i> .
Corporate	other organisations to which the Council has access. The Council's central procurement officer charged with providing
Corporate Contract	A contract let by the Corporate Procurement Officer to support the Council's aim of achieving Value for Money to include Contracts let by the Council and / or Contracts or Framework Agreements let by
Contracts Finder	 any decision to extend or vary a Contract. A web-based portal provided for the purpose of under-FTS Threshold Contracts on behalf of the Cabinet Office
Decision	 withdrawal of <i>Invitation to Tender;</i> whom to invite to submit a <i>Quotation</i> or <i>Tender;</i> short listing; award of <i>Contract;</i> any decision to terminate a <i>Contract;</i>
Contracting	Is a legally binding agreement concluded in writing for consideration (whatever the nature of the consideration, whether by payment or some other form of reward) under which a contracting authority engages a person or organisation to provide goods, works or services. Any of the following decisions:

	particular with regard to price and, where appropriate, the quantity envisaged.
FTS Threshold	The contract value at which the public procurement directives apply.
High Profile	A high-profile purchase is one that could have an impact on functions integral to Council service delivery should it fail or go wrong.
High Risk	A high-risk purchase is one which presents the potential for substantial exposure on the Council's part should it fail or go wrong.
High Value	A high-value purchase is where the value exceeds the FTS Threshold values.
Invitation to Tender (ITT) Key Decision	 Is a connection to another person or organisation that meets any of the following criteria: (a) Ownership of shares in a Supplier or any other financial interest in a Supplier whether held by the relevant individual or by a close relative of the individual or by any corporate entity in which the individual has an interest; and / or (b) Employment by a Supplier of the individual or a close relative of the individual; and/or (c) Provision of services to a Supplier by the individual or by the firm the individual is associated with, and / or (d) Connection with, whether prejudicial or otherwise, any person/s said to be affected by the outcome of a procurement process. Invitation to tender documents in the form required by these Contract Procedure Rules. Decisions that are defined as key decisions in the Constitution.
Lots	One of a number of categories of goods, works or services which a single procurement process has been divided into with a view to awarding to multiple suppliers
Nominated Suppliers and Sub-Contractors	Those persons specified in a main <i>contract</i> for the discharge of any part of that <i>contract</i> .
Non-commercial Considerations Non-commercial Considerations (continued)	(a) The terms and conditions of employment by contractors of their workers or the composition of, the arrangements for the promotion, transfer or training of or the other opportunities afforded to, their workforces ('workforce matters'); (b) Whether the terms on which contractors contract with their sub-contractors constitute, in the case of <i>contracts</i> with individuals, <i>contracts</i> for the provision by them as self-employed persons of their services only; (c) Any involvement of the business activities or interests of contractors with irrelevant fields of government policy; (d) The conduct of contractors or workers in industrial disputes
	between them or any involvement of the business activities of contractors in industrial disputes between other persons ('industrial disputes');

Relevant	Contracts to which these Contract Procedure Rules apply
Quotation	A quotation of price and any other relevant matter (without the formal issue of an <i>Invitation to Tender</i>).
Purchasing Guidance	The suite of guidance documents, together with a number of standard documents and forms, which supports the implementation of these Contract Procedure Rules. The guidance is available on the Council's intranet and Procurement Tool.
Procurement Strategy	The document setting out the Council's approach to procurement and key priorities for a specified period of time.
Procurement Documentation	Shall mean the documents dispatched to <i>Suppliers</i> as part of the procurement process; comprised of the instructions and information to applicants, <i>contract</i> information, specification, pricing schedule and certificates for signature.
Pre-Qualification Questionnaire (PQQ)	The PQQ is a questionnaire issued to ascertain the suitability of potential suppliers to provide goods, services or works as identified in the tender advertisement.
Portfolio Holder	A member of the <i>Executive</i> to whom political responsibility is allocated in respect of specified functions.
Parent Company Guarantee	deal with the <i>contract</i> in question. A <i>contract</i> which binds the parent of a subsidiary company as follows: if the subsidiary company fails to do what it has promised under a <i>contract</i> with the Council, the Council can require the parent company to do so instead.
Officer	 (e) The country or territory of origin of supplies to, or the location in any country or territory of the business activities or interests of, contractors; (f) Any political, industrial or sectarian affiliations or interests of contractors or their directors, partners or employees; (g) Financial support or lack of financial support by contractors for any institution to or from which the authority gives or withholds support; (h) Use or non-use by contractors of technical or professional services provided by the authority under the Building Act 1984 or the Building (Scotland) Act 1959. Workforce matters and industrial disputes, as defined in paragraphs (a) and (d), cease to be noncommercial considerations to the extent necessary or expedient to comply with Best Value; or where there is a transfer of staff to which the Transfer of undertakings (Protection of Employment) Regulations 1981 (TUPE) may apply. The officer designated by the Business Lead / Business Manager / to

Section 151	The Chief Finance Officer or such other officer as may be designated
Officer	Section151 Officer by the Council, including the appointed Deputy
	Section 151 Officer.
Selection Criteria	The Authority's minimum requirements by which the Tenderer is to
	be assessed as being suitable to proceed with the <i>Tender</i> process.
Shortlisting	The process of selecting Suppliers who are to be invited to quote
	or bid or to proceed to final evaluation.
Standstill	Shall mean the period between notification of the intention to award
	a Contract in accordance with the FTS Procedure and the formal award of said Contract.
Sub-Contractors	Those persons specified in a main <i>Contract</i> for the discharge of any
	part of that Contract.
Supplier	Any person who asks or is invited to submit a Quotation or Tender.
Tender	A Supplier's proposal submitted in response to an Invitation to
	Tender.
Tender Register	The log kept by the Monitoring Officer to record details of <i>Tenders</i>
Total Value	The whole of the value or estimated value (in money or equivalent value) for a single purchase or <i>Contract</i> , calculated as follows: (a) where the <i>contract</i> is for a fixed period, by taking the total price to be paid or which might be paid during the whole of the period, including any permitted extensions;
Total Value	 (b) where the purchase involves recurrent transactions for the same type of item, by aggregating the value of those transactions in the coming 12 months; (c) where the contract is for an uncertain duration, by multiplying the monthly payment by 48; (d) Where a single requirement for goods or services or for the carrying out of a work or works and a number of contracts have been entered into or are to be entered into to fulfill that requirement; (e) Where the Contract is to be executed over a period for goods or services and a series of contracts; or a Contract which under its terms is renewable is entered into; (f) Where there are a number of requirements over a given period for contracts that have similar requirements or are for the same type of
(continued)	goods and service; (g) for feasibility studies, the value of the scheme or contracts which may be awarded as a result; (h) for Nominated Suppliers and Sub-contractors, the total value shall be the value of that part of the main contract to be fulfilled by the Nominated Supplier or Sub-contractor; (i) The Total Value of all contracts expected to be placed under a Framework Agreement; (j)The Total Value of all contracts expected to be placed under a Dynamic Purchasing System; (k) The Total Value of the requirement where more than one (1) organisation will purchase under the same Contract;

TUPE Transfer of Undertakings (Protection of Employment) Regulations 2006 (SI 2006 No.246)	Subject to certain conditions, these regulations apply where responsibility for the delivery of works or services for the authority is transferred from one organisation (e.g. private contractor, local authority in-house team) to another (e.g. following a contracting out or competitive tendering process) and where the individuals involved in carrying out the work are transferred to the new employer. These regulations seek to protect the rights of employees in such transfers, enabling them to enjoy the same terms and conditions, with continuity of employment, as existed with their former employer. Broadly, TUPE regulations ensure that the rights of employees are transferred along with the business.
Value for Money	Value for money is not the lowest possible price; it combines goods or services that fully meet your needs, with the level of quality required, delivery at the time you need it, and at an appropriate price.